Total Pages-5 PG/IIIS/PHIL/303(A & B)/23 (New)

M.A. 3rd Semester Examination, 2023 PHILOSOPHY

PAPER - PHI-303(A & B)

Full Marks: 50

Time: 2 hours

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable

PAPER - PHI-303A

(Advaita Vedanta)

GROUP - A

Answer any two questions:

 10×2

 Explain and illustrate Brahmasūtra "janmādyasya yatah", an inference to prove the existence of Brahman. Discuss after Śankara. 10

(Turn Over)

2.	Explain after Sankara, the two-fold meaning	[
:	of the Brahmasūtra "Śāstrayonitvāt".	10

- 3. Explain the definition of "Adhyāsa" (superimposition) following Bhamati. Briefly explain the two primary categories of Adhyāsa.
- 4. State and explain the opening verse "athāto Brahmajijnāsā" of Brahmasutra.

GROUP - B

	Answer any four questions:	5×4
5.	What is the significance of the word "Bra	hma-
	jijināsā" stated in the Brahmasūtra "atl	hāto-

- Brahmajijñāsā"?

 6. Distinguish between svarūpa laksana and
- 6. Distinguish between svarūpa lakṣaṇa and taṭastha lakṣaṇa.
- 7. State and explain the visaya bheda and phala bheda between Dharmajijnāsā and Brahma-jijnāsā?

5

- 8. Briefly discuss svarūpādhyāsa and samsargādhyāsa.
- 9. Explain "anirvacaniya khyātivāda" following Acārya Śańkara.
- 10. Following the Bhamati text, describe the cause of Adhyāsa (super imposition).

PAPER - PHI-303B

(Advanced Logic)

GROUP - A

Answer any two questions:

 10×2

- 1. What is completeness in PM? How many types of completeness are there? Explain each of them.

 2 ± 1 + 7
- 2. (a) What is lemma?
 - (b) Prove case-2 of lemma.

(c) Prove the following in PM: $p = (p \lor p)$. 2 + 4 + 4

3. State the axiomatic basis of K. 10

Prove the following after K system:

(i) $1-\alpha \equiv \beta \rightarrow 1-L\alpha \equiv L\beta$

(ii) (Lp \vee Lq) \supset L(p \vee q)

(iii) $1-\alpha \supset \beta, 1-\beta \supset \alpha \rightarrow 1-\alpha \equiv \beta$.

GROUP - B

Answer any **four** of the following:

5. Prove: $(Lp \land Lq) \supset L(p \land q)$

6. Prove that $L(p \supset q) \supset (Lp \supset Lq)$ is K-valid.

7. Prove the following theorem from the base in the system K.

 $\sim M(pvq) \equiv (\sim M_n \wedge M_a)$

(Continued)

4 + 4 + 2

5 x 4

5

5

- 8. What is axiomatic system? Do you think that another transformation rule is required to allow us to rewrite wffs according to the definitions? Answer after PM system. 2+3
- 9. Prove the following in PM: $(p \supset q) \supset (\sim q \supset \sim p)$
- 10. Prove the following in PM: $(p \supset (q \supset r)) \supset ((p.q) \supset r)$

[Internal Assessment - 10 Marks]