M.A. 1st Semester Examination, 2023 PHILOSOPHY

(Indian Logic)

PAPER - PHI-101

Full Marks: 50

Time: 2 hours

Answer all questions

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable

GROUP-A

Answer any two questions:

 10×2

1. State and explain the initial formulation of the siddhānta lakṣaṇa of vyāpti and show the application of it in a case of sadhetuk and asadhetuk anumiti following Bhāṣāpariccheda.

- 2. Show after the Siddhantamuktavali, the application of the first definition of vyāpti in the following cases.
 - (a) idam sattāvan jateh
 - (b) ghatah jñeyo vācyatvāt.
- 3. (a) Distinguish between svārthānumāna and parārthānumāna following Nyāyabindu.
 - (b) Write a note on svārthānumāna in accordance with Nyayabindu tīkā. 4+6
- 4. (i) What is the definition of parāmarśa, according to Viśvanātha?
 - (ii) Mention the two types of parāmarsa.
 - (iii) Is there any problem if two types of parāmarsa give rise to one type of anumiti? Discuss shortly. 5+2+3

GROUP-B

Answer any four questions from the following:

5. Define karaṇa and vyāpāra following the Navya Nyāya.

- 6. State the role of sāmānyalakṣaṇa pratyakṣa as a means of vyāptigraha.
- 7. State and explain the initial formulation of the first lakṣaṇa of vyāpti with a valid inference following Bhāṣāpariccheda.
- 8. State the implication of the word 'ca' in the third sutra of Nyāyabindu: "pratyakṣam anumānam ceti".
- 9. Briefly explain the concept of pratibandhaka and uttejaka with a suitable example after Bhāṣāpariccheda.

10. "Vyāpatāvycchedaka prakāraka pakṣa-dharmatā jñāna" — Explain the phrase following Mīmāmsaka.

[Internal Assessment - 10 Marks]