2022

1st Semester Examination REMOTE SENSING AND GIS

Paper: RSG 102

Full Marks: 40 Time: Two Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Paper: 102.1

(Fundamentals of Geographic Information System) Group - A

Answer any *two* of the following questions: $2 \times 2 = 4$

- 1. What do you mean by personal geodatabase and file geodatabase?
- 2. How many GCPs are required for georeferencing with 1st order polynomial transformation and why?
- 3. What is topology in GIS?
- 4. What are the advantages of WEB GIS?

Group - B

Answer any *two* of the following questions: $4 \times 2 = 8$

5. Covert the following matrix into BIL and BIP format.

56	102	78	72
36	99	12	31
49	53	82	66

- 6. Write a short note on the sources of different datasets in GIS
- 7. Briefly mention about the types of digitization errors with suitable sketches.
- 8. How does rubber sheeting differ from edge matching?

Group - C

Answer any *one* of the following questions: $8 \times 1 = 8$

- Briefly discuss the components of GIS with suitable examples.
- 10. Differentiate between raster and vector data structure with suitable illustration. What do you mean by automated digitization?
 5+3

Paper: 102.2

(Digital Cartography)

Group - A

Answer any *two* of the following questions: $2 \times 2 = 4$

- 1. Differentiate between choropleth and isopleth mapping.
- 2. What kind of colour schemes would you use for mapping (polygon) with nominal and ordinal data?
- 3. Compare between thematic and topographic maps.
- 4. How can you use symbols for mapping quantitative and qualitative datasets?

Group - B

Answer any *two* of the following questions: $4 \times 2 = 8$

- 5. What are the advantages of digital cartography over conventional cartographic techniques?
- 6. Mention the techniques for estimating scale of a map.
- 7. What do you mean by multivariate and bivariate mapping?
- 8. Write a short note on map generalization.

Group - C

Answer any *one* of the following questions: $8 \times 1=8$

- Discuss the levels of measurement of geographic variables with mentioning their examples and suitable mapping techniques.
- Explain the concept of visual variables and their application in mapping quantitative data.