MBA 3rd Semester Examination, 2022

SECURITY ANALYSIS AND PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

(Elective Specialization: Financial Management)

PAPER - MBA-F-307

Full Marks: 100

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable

A. Answer any eight of the following questions: 5×8

1. Mr. Kamalesh is interested in buying the equity share of KBC Ltd. Which declared a dividend of Rs. 15 two years ago? It is expected that dividend will continue to grow at the rate of 8%. If the expected price of the equity share after two years is Rs. 350, compute the intrinsic value of the share. (Assume that the cost of equity is 14%).

- 2. What is holding period rate of return? Explain its components.
- 3. Discuss in brief the concept of industry analysis.
- 4. Write a short note on 'support and resistance' as a tool for technical analysis.
- 5. There is a portfolio having two securities X and Y which are perfectly negatively correlated. The investment in these two securities is in the ratio of 3:5. The standard deviations of the security returns are 10% and 15% respectively. Compute portfolio risk and return.
- 6. Investment in mutual funds is better than investment in equity shares. Give your opinion.
- 7. The market price of the equity share of Z Ltd. on 31st March of different years is as follows:

Year	Rs.	
2018	550.00	
2019	616.00	
2020	462.00	
2021	693.00	
2022	762.30	

You are required to determine the average return during the period using:

- (a) Arithmetic mean method
- (b) Geometric mean method.
- 8. Mutual funds can meet the needs of different types of investors. Explain the statement.
- 9. What is financial risk? How is it relevant in decision-making with respect to investments?
- 10. Explain the Random Walk Theory.

- 11. Explain the role of correlation coefficient in reducing portfolio risk through diversification.
- 12. Distinguish between systematic risk and unsystematic risk.
- B. Answer any four of the following questions: 10×4
 - 13. (i) What is an index fund?
 - (ii) Mr. Kapil wants to invest in two securities I and J, the details of which are given below:

Security I	Security J
18	12
20.25	32.49
30	70
(-) 0.40	
	18 20.25 30

- (a) You are required to determine the following:
 - Mean portfolio return
 - Portfolio risk
- (b) How can you minimize the portfolio risk in the given case? 3 + (4 + 3)
- 14. (i) Following is the information about two securities Y and Z:

Particulars	Security Y	Security Z
Mean return	12%	20%
Standard deviation		
of returns (%)	15	18
Correlation coefficient	+ 0.30	

You are required to:

- (a) Identify the better security
- (b) Compute the covariance between the two securities.

- (ii) Write down the assumptions of the Capital Asset Pricing Model. 2+2+6
- 15. (i) Discuss the characteristics of securities.
 - (ii) What are the difference between investment and speculation? 6+4
- 16. (i) What are the differences between technical analysis and fundamental analysis?
 - (ii) Explain the three trends in Dow Theory. 5+5
- 17. (i) What is net asset value in respect of mutual funds? How is it relevant for investors?
 - (ii) What is beta of a security? How is it measured? (2+3)+(3+2)

18. (i) You are required to rank the following fully diversified funds on the basis of the given information

Fund	Actual Return %	Beta Std.dev.(%)	
AA	19	2.2	15
BB	21	2.5	18
CC	16	1.8	22
DD	18	2.8	17

Assume that the market rate of return and risk-free rate of return is 14.5% and 4.5% respectively.

(ii) Describe the role of SEBI as a capital market regulator. 5+5

[Internal Assessment - 20 Marks]