

M.Sc. 3rd Semester Examination, 2012

REMOTE SENSING AND GIS

PAPER—RSG-301(Gr.- A+ B)

Full Marks : 40

Time : 2 hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable

Illustrate the answers wherever necessary

GROUP — A

[Marks : 20]

Answer any two questions :

- 1. What are the advantages of Remote Sensing technique for estimating evapotranspiration ? How far NOAA AVHRR and Landsat ETM⁺ data is useful for estimating evapotranspiration ? What is Wetness Index ?** 5 + 3 + 2
- 2. Briefly discuss about application of Remote Sensing technique in various areas of hydrology.** 10

(Turn Over)

3. What is curve number method for run-off estimation? Discuss about indirect methods for estimating precipitation. What is stem flow? 5 + 3 + 2
4. Briefly discuss different criteria for land use and land cover classification system. How far microwave remote sensing is suitable for measuring rainfall? What is TRMM? 5 + 3 + 2

GROUP – B

[Marks : 20]

Answer any *two* questions :

5. Why watershed is considered as the basic scientific unit for land and water management studies? How hypsometric curve of a watershed can influence the decision making on land use planning? Differentiate between stream order and bifurcation ratio. 2 + 5 + 3
6. (a) Briefly state the role of RS and GIS techniques in micro-watershed delineation and management.
- (b) What are the aims and objectives of micro-watershed concept in developmental planning? 6 + 4

7. What are the factors that control site suitability for reservoir construction? How does geoinformatics help in this regard? Discuss the role of morphometry in canal alignment. 3 + 4 + 3
8. How does land use pattern control run-off volume? Explain with the help of an empirical model how satellite image, soil map and rainfall data can be used to estimate the annual run-off from a watershed. 3 + 7