

2019

Major 3rd Semester Examination
INDUSTRIAL CHEMISTRY

Paper - C 5-T

Full Marks : 40

Time : 2 Hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.
Candidates are required to give their answers
in their own words as far as practicable.*

Answer as per given instruction.

Group-A

1. Answer *any five* questions : 2×5=10
- (a) What is the objective of molecular Absorption Spectroscopy ? 2
- (b) What information can be obtained from IR Spectral measurement ? 2
- (c) What do you mean by Accuracy and precision ? 2

- (d) Explain why ethylene and ethyne unlike propene and propyne have no carbon-carbon multiple bond stretching vibration. 2
- (e) Explain why ethanol is a good solvent for UV measurement but not for IR ? 2
- (f) Among acetone, diromo-ethane and acetaldehyde which shows single peak in PMR Spectrum ? 2
- (g) What do you mean by standard deviation. 2
- (h) Write the full form of ISO and ISI standard. 2

Group-B

2. Answer *any four* questions : 5×4=20

- (a) Explain why change in dipole moment is essential for IR absorption. 5
- (b) Describe different IR absorption bands displayed by saturated aldehyde and ketones. 5
- (c) Using 60 MHz instrument (NMR), the chemical shift of a photon was found to be 170 Hz. What would be the chemical shift if a 40 MHz instrument is used ? 5

- (d) Explain why methyl proton of 1 methyl cyclohexene appear at higher field (δ 1.80) than methyl proton of toluene (δ 2.30) ? 5
- (e) Write down the working principle of atomic absorption spectroscopy. 5
- (f) Write down the basic instrumentation with schematic diagram of UV-vis spectrophotometer. 5

Group-C

3. Answer *any one* question : 10×1=10
- (a) Draw a neat diagram and explain the working principle of Flame photometer and its application. 6+2+2
- (b) Draw a neat diagram and explain the working principle of electron spin resonance instrument. 6+2+2
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