2013

M.Sc.

2nd Semester Examination

MICROBIOLOGY

PAPER-IX (MCB-203)

Full Marks: 40

Time: 2 Hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their

own words as far as practicable.

Answer any two questions from each group.

Group-A

[Marks : 20]

Answer any two questions.

1. Answer any five questions:

 3×5

- (a) Integrate $\int \sin 3x \sin 4x \, dx$.
- (b) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ when $y = \frac{\sin x}{e^{4x}}$.
- (c) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ where $y = 3 \sec \theta - 4 \csc \theta + 5 \cos \theta - 3^{\theta+1}$.

(Turn Over)

- (d) Evaluate $\lim_{x\to 0}\frac{\sin x(1-\cos x)}{x^3}=\frac{1}{2}.$
- (e) Evaluate $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{5^x-4^x}{x} = \log_e(\frac{5}{4})$.
- (f) Find range of values of x for which the function $f(x) = x^3 6x^2 36x + 7$ increase with x.
- (g) Show that f(x) is continuous at x = 1. where $f(x) = x^2 + 1$ x > 1 = 2 x = 1= 2x x < 1.
- (h) Show that f(x) is not continuous at x = 0. where f(x) = 3 + 2x x < 0= -3 - 2x $x \ge 0$.
- (i) Integrate $\int \frac{dx}{x \log x}$.
- (j) Show that f(x) = |x| is continuous at x = 0.
- 2. Answer any one question:

 5×1

(a) Let the growth of a micro-organism satisfy the differential equation $\frac{dp}{dt} = kP - qP$, x > 0, where P(t) be the population of bacteria at time t, q is called the dilution rate and defined by q = Q/V, where V is the volume of nutrient liquid medium of a growth chamber. Q is the rate of volume per unit time supplied to the chamber. Find the population of micro-organism at time t. Show that if q > k the population of micro-organism will be declined to zero and also if q < k the population of micro-organism will increase to infinity when $t \rightarrow \infty$.

(b) Discuss the geometrical interpolation of $\frac{dy}{dx}$ and also discuss when $\frac{dy}{dx} > 0$ and $\frac{dy}{dx} < 0$.

Group—B

(Statistics)

[Marks: 20]

Answer any two questions.

- 1. (a) What is a random variable, and what are its expectation and variance?
 - (b) The following are 12 determinations of the melting point of a compound (in degree centigrade) made by an analyst, the true melting point being 165°C. Would you conclude that his determinations from these data are free from bias?

164·4, 169·7, 163·9, 162·1, 160·9, 160·8, 161·4, 162·2, 168·5, 163·4, 162·9, 167·7.

Given that $t_{0.025,11} = 2.201$.

3+7

2. The following table show the marks obtained by 10 undergraduate students in Microbiology Honours in a College Test and in the subsequent University Examination:

| Serial | Marks obtained | |
|--------|----------------|---------------|
| | in College | in University |
| | Test | Examination |
| 1 | 183 | 433 |
| 2 | 175 | 393 |
| 3 | 134 | 270 |
| 4 | 170 | 364 |
| 5 | 183 | 399 |
| 6 | 167 | 360 |
| 7 | 120 | 368 |
| 8 | 175 | 358 |
| 9 | 126 | 262 |
| 10 | 187 | 376 |

- (a) Calculate the corrleation coefficient between the marks in the College Test and marks in the University Examination.
- (b) Also, find the linear regression equation of y (marks in the University Examination) on x (marks in the College Test).
- **3.** (a) Define the terms : regression and correlation coefficient.
 - (b) What purpose will be served by the simple correlation coefficient? Interpret the cases r=0 and $r=\pm 1$.

 5+5

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