2012

L.L.M.

4th SEMESTER EXAMINATION

CONCEPT OF H.R AND PROTECTION AND ENFORCEMENT OF HUMAN RIGHTS IN INDIA

PAPER—LLM_402° Full Marks: 5400

Time: 4 Hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Illustrate the answers wherever necessary.

Answer any four questions.

- 1. Discuss the historical Development of Human Rights with special reference to India.
- 2. "The U.D.H.R. was adopted by the General Assembly as a common standard of achievement for all people and Nations. The declaration of Human Rights has acquired a degree of authority, it has virtually become a part of International law".

In the light of the above statement discuss some civil and political rights as mentioned in U.D.H.R. and its impact in India.

3. "The Supreme Court of India is the guardian of the constitution and as well as the protector of the Fundamental Rights".

Critically discuss the role of The Supreme Court of India in the protection of Human Rights modern era. 25

- Explain the dynamics of Indian Democracy within an ancient social system with multiple diversities (religious and ethnic mainly) and deep rooted institutionalised and structural inequalities.
- 5. "After the second world war the emergence of League of Nations and UNO thereafter, the world manifested its deep concern for Human Rights. In 1960 the ECOSOC, the Paris principles of 1991 and U.N. General assembly in 1993 endorsed the need of Independent, accountable and accessible National Human Rights Institutions". In the light of above statement critically analyse the composition, powers and functions of National Human Rights commission and the need for establishment of Human Rights Court.
- 6. Critically examine the recent trends of treating Women's Rights as Human Rights in India. 25
- 7. Write short notes on any two of the followings: 12.5×2
 - (a) Role of United Nations for the protection and promotion of "Human Rights".
 - (b) Main features of International covenant on civil and Political Rights 1966.
 - (c) Protection of child rights in India.
 - (d) Human rights and right to Development and right to health.
- 8. "Social security is a dynamic conception, which is considered in all advanced countries of the world as an indispensable chapter of the rational programme to strike at the root of poverty, unemployment and disease. It has been considered most essential for the industrial workers, though, with the Development of the Idea of a welfare state, its scope now includes all sections of society".

 Explain with the help of Indian laws and show its beneficial effect upon Indian societies and her people.