Full Marks: 40

UG/1st Sem/STAT(H)/T/19

2019

B.Sc.

1st Semester Examination STATISTICS (Honours)

Paper - GE 1-T

(Statistical Methds)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

1. Answer any five questions of the following:

(a) Define ratio scale of measurement.
(b) What is decile?
(c) What is frequency curve?

(d) What do you mean by "consistency" in a 2×2 contingency table?

[Turn Over]

Time: 2 Hours

 $5 \times 2 = 10$

(e) What do you mean by rank correlation? 2

×

 4×5

5

- (f) Give moment measure of kurtosis. What is its range?
- (g) Give the scatter diagram in the following cases.
 - (i) r = +1
 - (ii) r = -1
- (h) Give one merit and demerit of median over arithmetic mean.
- 2. Answer any four questions.

(a) Discuss about different measures of relative

- (b) Given two variables, obtain the acute angle between two regression lines. 5
- (c) Distinguish between the following pairs:
 - (i) Attribute vs. Variable

dispersion? Indicate its uses.

- (ii) Nominal data vs. Ordinal data 2.5+2.5
- (d) How do you fit an exponential curve to a bivariate data least square method?

- (e) Define Bowley's measure of skewness. Show that its lies between -1 and 1. 2+3
- (f) Show that, the value of the correlation coefficient does not depend on the change of origin and scale of the variables.
 5
- 3. Answer any one question.

1×10=10

- (a) What do you mean by the tern "regression"? How do you fit a linear regression equation to a bivariate data? 2+8=10
- (b) (i) Show that,

$$\frac{R^2}{2n} \le s^2 \le \frac{R^2}{2}$$

Where and R are the standard deviation and range of the n observations respectively.

(ii) Show that, $b_2 \ge b_1 + 1$ (Symbools have their usual meaning) 5+5=10