2018

CBCS

3rd Semester

CHEMISTRY

PAPER-SEC1T

(Honours)

Full Marks: 25

Time: 1 Hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Illustrate the answers wherever necessary.

Analytical Clinical Biochemistry

Group-A

1. Answer any five questions:

 5×2

- (a) Define liposomes.
- (b) State the role of cholesterol in maintaining membrane fluidity.

(Turn Over)

- (c) What is lactic acid fermentation?
- (d) Differentiate between cerebroside and ganglioside.
- (e) What do you mean by 'Pay Off' and 'Preparatory Phase' of Glycolysis.
- (f) Describe briefly the double helix structure of DNA.
- (g) Write short notes on "Denaturation of proteins".
- (h) What are the similarities and differences between secondary nucleic acid structure and secondary protein structure?

Group-B

Answer any one questions:

- 2. (a) What do you mean by the terms "Transcription" and "Translation".
 - (b) Discuss the effect of pH on catalyzing activity of enzymes.

	Classify	linoproteins	and	state		the	physiological	
	Classify	nge of HDL c	holest	terol in		the	prevention	of
	classify inpoproteins and significance of HDL cholesterol in the						2	+2
	artheros	clerosis.						

- 3. (a) Elaborate the steps of TCA cycle highlighting the steps of CO₂ evolution.
 - (b) What do you mean by substrate level ATP formation and Oxidative phosphorylation. 2+2

Group-C

Answer any one question.

4. (a) What is lactic acid fermentation? Under what physiological circumstance does it take place? 2

- (b) State the role of cholesterol in maintaining membrane fluidity.
- 5. State the normal range of blood urea and cholesterol in normal adult human. State the physiological significance of their elevated values.

Pharmaceutical Chemistry

Group—A

1. Answer any five questions:

- (a) Briefly explain the meaning of the term "Pharmacophore".
- (b) Write the differences between Aerobic and Anaerobic Fermentation.
- (c) Why is water solubility an important factor in drug design?
- (d) Name the microorganisms for the production of
 - (i) cephalosporin antibiotic and
 - (ii) Vitamin B₂.
- (e) Give the medicinal use of sulphonamides drug with an example.
- (f) Write the stereochemical structure of
 - (i) cephalosporin antibiotic and
 - (ii) Vitamin C.

(g) Identify the structure of A and B in the following reactions.

$$\begin{array}{c}
O \\
H_2 / Pd - C
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
CO \\
PdCl_2, Ph_3P / HCl
\end{array}$$
[B]

(h) Explain with suitable example the significance of stereochemical configuration in designing a new drug.

Group—B

Answer any one question.

- 2. (a) What are the advantages and disadvantages of fermentative production of vitamins?
 - (b) Explain the meaning and significance of the term "LEAD Compound" in the course of drug design with example.

- (c) Draw the structure of Phenobarbital. Show its retrosynthetic analysis and forward synthesis. 4
- 3. (a) Discuss the downstream Processing of Vitamin \mathbf{B}_2 .
 - (b) Identify the Structures of the intermediate compound A to E in synthesis of chloramphenicol antibiotic.

CH₃

(i) $Br_2/AcOH$ (ii) HcHO(ii) $Aq.Na_2CO_3$ (iii) Hcl/EtOH(iii) Hcl/EtOH(i) ResolutionO₂N

OH

H

NHCOCHCl₂

Chloramphenicol

(c) Explain the term "Prodrug" with suitable example.

2

5

Group-C

Answer any one question.

 1×5

4. Match the two columns:

Column A	Column B					
(i) AZT-Zidovudine	I. Typhoid fever					
(ii) Dapsone	II. Antilaprosy Drug					
(iii) Chloramphenicol	III. Antibacterial and Antifungal Agent					
(iv) Acyclovir	IV. HIV-AIDs rotated drug					
(v) Trimethoprim	V. Antiviral agents					

- 5. (a) Discuss the medium and conditions for the fermentation of cephalosporin antibiotic. 2
 - (b) Show the flow sheet diagram for the fermentation of ethyl alcohol from molasses.

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3rd Semester

CHEMISTRY

PAPER-SEC1P

(Honours)

(Practical)

Full Marks: 20

Time: 2 Hours

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Illustrate the answers wherever necessary.

To be set by the Head Examiner.