

**2018**

**CBCS**

**3rd Semester**

**COMPUTER SCIENCE**

**PAPER—C5T**

**(Honours)**

*Full Marks : 40*

*Time : 2 Hours*

*The figures in the right-hand margin indicate full marks.*

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.*

*Illustrate the answers wherever necessary.*

**Data Structures**

1. Answer any *five* questions : 5×2
- (a) What do you mean by tail recursion? Give example.
- (b) What are the drawbacks of dynamic linked list over single linked list?

*(Turn Over)*

- (c) Define Best Case and Worst Case time complexity.
- (d) What is the limitation of binary search? What do you mean external sorting?
- (e) What is the purpose of stack in implementing a recursive procedure? Explain.
- (f) What is the need for using circular array to implement queues?
- (g) What an example explain the Huffman encoding scheme.
- (h) The inorder and preorder traversal of a tree are given below. Construct the tree.

Inorder : DBMINEAFCJGK

Preorder : ABDEIMNCFGJK

2. Answer any four questions :

4×5

(a) Consider a two dimensional array A of order [25 × 4].

The base address is 400, words per memory cell is

4. Find the address of A[12, 4] using row major and

column major addressing.

$$2\frac{1}{2} + 2\frac{1}{2}$$

(b) Write an algorithm to insert a new element in given unsorted array at k-th position.

(c) (i) Convert the following infix expression to its equivalent prefix expression using stack :

$$A * (B - C / D) - E / F * G - H.$$

(ii) Define ADT (Abstract Data Type). 3+2

(d) Write an algorithm to convert an infix expression to its equivalent postfix expression.

(e) Write a non-recursive algorithm to traverse the tree element in INORDER traversal.

(f) Give a function that uses a stack in order to reverse the elements of a circular queue which is stored in an array.

3. Answer any *one* question : 1×10

(a) (i) To prove that  $E = I + 2 * q$ , where  $q$  is the number of internal nodes,  $I$  denotes internal path length and  $E$  denotes the external path length.

- (ii) Why tree is called as a non-linear data structure ?
- (iii) To construct a binary search tree using the following datas :
- 25, 57, 48, 37, 12, 92, 86, 33.
- 5+2+3
- (b) Write an algorithm to sort an unsorted list using quick sort method. 10
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