2019

B.Sc.

#### 4th Semester Examination

# **ECONOMICS** (Honours)

Paper - C9T

(Intermediate Macroeconomics -II)

Full Marks: 60

Time: 3 Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

#### Group - A

1. Answer any ten questions:

2×10

- (a) What is Say's law?
- (b) What is ratchet effect?
- (c) Distinguish between repo rate and reverse repo rate.

- (d) State two important features of New Keynesian system.
- (e) What is bank rate?
- (f) Define classical dichotomy.
- (g) What is golden rate of capital accumulation?
- (h) Write the names of two New classical economists.
- (i) What do you understand by 'under-employment equilibrium'?
- (i) What is random walk of consumption expenditure?
- (k) What do you mean by endogenous growth?
- (1) What do you understand by 'interest elasticity of money demand'?
- (m) What do you mean by Velocity of Money?
- (n) What is crowding out effect?
- (o) What is liquidity trap?

## Group - B

## Answer any four questions:

5×4

- 2. Briefly explain Friedman's restatement of quantity theory of money.
- 3. Distinguish between Keynesian and classical systems.
- 4. Write a short note an Acceleration Principle.
- 5. State the features of Regressive Expectation model.
- 6. Derive the steady-state growth path as presents in Solow's neoclassical one sector growth model.
- 7. Critically discuss how creation of credit by commercial banks can have a multiplier effect.

### Group - C

Answer any two questions:

10×2

- Explain the Permanent Income Hypothesis of consumption.
- Explain Baumol's Inventory Theoretic Approach of demand for money.

- 10. Derive the 'Warranted rate of growth' in the Harrod-Domar growth model and briefly explain why he warranted rate of growth is unstable in this model.
- Briefly describe the different instruments of the monetary policy of Central Bank and their Functions.