

**2018**

**CBCS**

**3rd Semester**

**ELECTRONICS**

**PAPER—C7T**

**(Honours)**

*Full Marks : 40*

*Time : 2 Hours*

*The figures in the right-hand margin indicate full marks.*

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.*

*Illustrate the answers wherever necessary.*

***Electromagnetic Theory***

*Answer all questions*

1. Answer any *five* questions :

5×2

(a) What are isotropic and anisotropic materials?

(b) Show that electric field is conservative force field.

- (c) What is loss tangent ?
- (d) What is motional EMF ?
- (e) A rectangular waveguide have dimension of width  $a = 5$  cm and height  $b = 2$  cm. Find cut off frequency for dominant TE mode of propagation.

- (f) In a region  $\vec{E}$  and  $\vec{H}$  fields are given by

$$\vec{E} = 50(j\hat{x} + 2\hat{y} - j\hat{z})e^{j\omega t}$$

$$\vec{H} = (-\hat{x} + j\hat{y} + \hat{z})e^{j\omega t}$$

Find the average power flow density.

2

- (g) What are the values of  $v_g$  and  $v_p$  at cut off frequency for propagation wave inside a rectangular waveguide.

2

- (h) Find the phase velocity of wave propagation through a dielectric medium of dielectric constant  $\epsilon_r = 9$ .

2

2. Answer any four questions :

4×5

- (a) Deduce Poissosis equation and Laplace equation.

Find an expression for electric field between two parallel plane conductor using Laplace's equation.

2+3

(b) Write down four Maxwell's equations in differential form and convert them into integral form. 2+3

(c) Deduce an expression for skin depth. What is surface resistance? 2+3

(d) In a conducting medium the magnetic field is given by  $\vec{H} = y^2 z \hat{x} + 2(x+1)yz \hat{y} - (x+1)z^2 \hat{z}$  A/m

Find conduction current density at point (2, 0, -1).

Also find current enclosed by the square loop  $y = 1$ ,

$$0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq z \leq 1$$

5

(e) Deduce expression for cut off frequency ( $\omega_c$ ) propagation constant ( $\beta$ ), group velocity ( $v_g$ ) and phase velocity ( $u_p$ ) for TE mode of wave propagation inside a rectangular waveguide. 5

(f) (i) Why rectangular waveguide behaves like dispersive medium?

(ii) Can TEM mode propagate through rectangular waveguide ? Explain.

(iii) Can TEM mode propagate through two parallel plane guided wave ? Explain.

3. Answer any one question :

1×10

(a) (i) State and prove Poynting theorem.

(ii) Find average power density (Pace) uniform plane wave whose Electric and Magnetic fields are given by

$$\begin{aligned}\vec{E} &= E_0 e^{j\omega t} \hat{x} \\ \vec{H} &= \frac{E_0}{\eta} e^{j\omega t} \hat{y}\end{aligned}\quad (2+5)+3$$

(b) (i) Find expression for propagation constant ( $\gamma$ ), phase velocity ( $v_p$ ) and intrinsic impedance of the medium ( $\eta$ ) for wave propagation through good dielectric and good conductor.

(ii) What is dissipation factor (D) ? Distinguish good conductor and good dielectric in terms of dissipation factor.

(4+4)+(1+1)