

• **2007**

HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY

PAPER-VII

*FullMarks* : 100

*Time* : 4 hours

*The figures **in the** right-hand margin indicate marks*

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable*

*illustrate the answers whenever necessary*

Write **the answers** to Questions of each Unit **in separate books**

UNIT-13

Answer Q. No. 1 and any two from the rest

1. Write short notes on any *two* of the following : 5x2
  - (a) **The dinoflagellates**
  - (b) **Anaerobic bacteria**
  - (c) Type I Hypersensitivity
  - (d) Inflammation
  - (e) Complements
2. (a) Distinguish between flagella and pilus of bacteria.

( Turn Over)

- (b) What is the significance of large surface area of a bacterial cell ?
- (c) Why capsulated bacteria usually becomes more pathogenic than noncapsulated bacteria?
- (d) Mention one important identifying feature of pathogenic *Staphylococcus aureus*.
- (e) What is toxic shock syndrome? 5+2+5+2+6
3. Discuss the (i) characteristic feature, (Ii) pathogenesis and (iii) diagnosis of Hepatitis B virus. What are other hapatitis producing viruses ? (5+5+5)+5
4. (a) What are the primary and secondary lymphoid organs ?
- (b) State what happens in them to mount an immune response.
- (c) Distinguish between a B-cell receptor and T-cell receptor complex.
- (d) Describe the antigen processing and presentation. 3+3+6+8
- S. (a) Explain the autocrine, paracrine and pleiotrophic functions of cytokines.
- (b) Describe the biological action of TNF.

- (c) Distinguish the primary and secondary antibody response.
- (d) Differentiate between the antigen peptide- **binding** clefts of MHC class I and class II molecules.
- (e) What happens after the activation of transcription factors? 3+5+3+5+4

### UNIT-14

#### Answer all the questions

1. Answer both Question (a) and Question (b): 5+5

(a) Write briefly about any one of the following:

- (i) Biserial r
- (ii) Kendall's rank correlation
- (iii) Skewness.

(b) Write briefly on any *one* of the following :

- (i) CPU
- (ii) Scanner
- (iii) Standard toolbar of MS word.

2. Answer *either* Question (a) *or* Question (b) :

(a) (i) Explain with the help of an **example what you understand** by a first-order partial r.

- (ii) Find whether or not there is a significant partial linear correlation between cardiac stroke volume ( $X$ ) and venous return ( $Y$ ) when the effect of vascular peripheral resistance ( $Z$ ) is partialled out, using the following product-moment  $r$  values between the respective variables in a sample of 43 humans. ( $\alpha=0.01$ .)

$r_{12}=+0.72$ ,  $r_{13}=-0.25$ ;  $r_{23}=-0.20$ ;  
 $n=43$

Critical  $t$  values :  $t_{P61}(40) = 2.704$ ;  
 $t_{\alpha/2}(41) = 2.701$  ;  $t_{\alpha/2}(42) = 2.698$ -

- UK) Describe different models of analysis of variance.

- (iv) Work out one-way anova to find whether or not there is a significant difference between the blood sugar scores (mg/dl) of the following two groups of animals exposed to two respective levels of a hypoglycemic agent ( $\alpha=0.05$ )

Group 1 ( $X$ ) : 85, 110, 100, 120, 85, 90, 120,  
 100, 90.

Group 2 ( $X$ ) : 50, 70, 60, 100, 55, 70, 80, 55,  
 60.

Critical  $F$  values:  $F_{0.05}(1, 17) = 4.45$ ;  
 $F_{0.05}(0, 16) = 4.49$  ;  $F_{0.05}(2, 17) = 3.59$ ;  
 $F_{0.05}(2, 16) = 3.63$   $4+6+4+6$

- (b) (i) Discuss the properties of binomial probability distributions.

- (ii) Work out the binomial probability of random occurrence of 8 males and 2 females in a sample of 10 humans from a population in which each of the two sexes has a proportion of 0.50.
- (iii) Describe the assumptions for using the product-moment correlation coefficient.
- (iv) Compute product-moment  $r$  for finding whether or not there is a significant linear correlation between blood sugar scores ( $X$  mg/dl) and serum cholesterol scores ( $Y$  mg/dl) of the following sample of humans. ( $\alpha=0.01$ )

Individual	$X$	$Y$
1	180	200
2	210	250
3	100	170
4	140	210
5	200	260
6	80	150
7	90	160
8	120	180
9	80	145
10	100	175

**Critical t scores** :  $t_{0.01}(19)=2.861$ ;  $t_{0.01}(18) = \mathbf{2.878}$ ;  
 $t_{0.01}(8) = 3.355$ ;  $t_{0.01}(9) = \mathbf{3.250}$ . 6+4+4+6

3. Answer *either* Question (a) or Question (b) :

(a.) (i) What are the components of bioinformatics?  
Discuss different fields of application of bioinformatics.

(ii) What do **you mean** by Excel **function**? Explain SUM and MAX **functions in MS Excel**.

(iii) What do you mean by low level language and high level **language** ? What are the differences between compiler and interpreter? 7+7+6

(b) (i) **Explain TAB function in BASIC programming.**

(ii) **Write a computer program to compute the frequency of boys in the following groups according to their heights-**

Group A=101-110 cm

Group B= 111-120 cm

Group C=121-130 cm

Let, you are given the values of heights of n number of boys.

(iii) What is hexadecimal number system? Subtract the binary number 10101 from 11101 and convert the result into its decimal equivalent.

( 7 )

(iv) What is type mismatch? Explain with example. 3+7+7+3

---