M.Sc. 3rd Semester Examination, 2013

HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY

PAPER - PHY-303.

Full Marks: 40

Time: 2 hours

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks

Candidates are required to give their answers in their

own words as far as practicable

Illustrate the answers wherever necessary

UNIT - 29

Answer any two questions:

- (a) "Thin-walled capillaries can withstand high internal pressures without bursting" – justify the statement.
 - (b) Critically discuss on the vasoactive role of the capillary endothelium. 5+5

(Turn Over)

- **2.** (a) Mention the dual control system of peripheral circulation.
 - (b) How does metabolic regulation exert its effect on peripheral blood flow?
 - (c) Citing an suitable evidence discuss the phenomenon of reactive hyperemia. 2+4+4
- 3. (a) Discuss the role of lung as a secondary lymphoid tissue.
 - (b) Write on the major pathophysiological changes that occur in chronic pulmonary emphysema.
 - (c) What is 'Bronchus-associated Lymphoid tissue (BALT)'? 4+4+2
- 4. (a) What is surfactant?
 - (b) Describe the different stages of lung development before birth.
 - (c) Write on the mechanism of adjustment of ventilation in response to rise in PCO₂ in blood. 2+4+4

UNIT -30

Answer any two questions:

- 1. (a) How primary hemostasis process is maintained in the body?
 - (b) Mention name and functions of two thrombolytic agents.
 - (c) Explain the genetic causes of thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP). 5+2+3
- 2. (a) Mention different isoforms of glutathione peroxidase with their site of expression.
 - (b) Citing one example describe how the redox system modify the regulation of interacting proteins. 3 + (3 + 4)
- 3. (a) Discuss the mechanism of development and management of high altitude pulmonary edema (HAPE).
 - (b) What are freezing and non-freezing cold injury?

(c) Describe the effects of $(-G_z)$ accelerative forces on human physiological systems.

4 + 3 + 3

- **4.** (a) Intestinal smooth muscles functions as syncytium" Explain.
 - (b) Write on the extrinsic neural control of GI tract.
 - (c) Mention the water permeability characteristics of different segments of renal tubule. Where and how hypotonic filtrate is formed?

2+3+(2+3)