2012

HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY

PAPER-PHY-302

Full Marks: 40

Time: 2 hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable

Illustrate the answers wherever necessary

UNIT - 27

Answer any two questions from the following:

- 1. (a) Discuss in brief the erythrocytic phase of the life-cycle of malarial parasites.
 - (b) Give a brief account of pathogenecity of *Plasmodium falciparum*.
 - (c) What are the basic reason for antigenic variation of *Plasmodium falciparum*? 3+4+3

- 2. (a) What do you understand by molecular phylogenetics? What is its significance?
 - (b) What are 'strain' and 'type strain'?
 - (c) Give a brief account of the Baltimore classification of virus. (2+1)+(2+2)+3
- 3. (a) Discuss the importance of bacterial 'pilus' and 'capsule' structures in pathogenecity.
 - (b) What is the difference between aerobic and anaerobic bacteria in terms of utilizing oxygen? (3+3)+(2+2)
- 4. (a) What are antibiotics?
 - (b) What are the properties of antibiotics?
 - (c) Discuss the mechanism of action of antibiotics.
 - (d) Discuss the mechanism of action of glucan synthesis inhabitors on fungal cell wall. 2+2+4+2

UNIT - 28

- 1. (a) Differentiate agretope, paratope and epitope.
 - (b) Distinguish between primary and secondary immune response.
 - (c) What do you mean by clonal selection theory? 3+4+3
- 2. (a) Draw the different receptors present on the surface of T-cell and mention their functions.
 - (b) How Cytotoxic T-lymphocyte kill the infected cell? 5+5
- 3. (a) Define titer and prozone.
 - (b) Discuss the structure and function of MHC class I and class II molecules. 4+6
- **4.** (a) Distinguish between immunogenicity and antigenicity.
 - (b) What are the principal function of immunoglobulin G?
 - (c) Discuss briefly what happens when an antigen reacts with its specific antibody. 2+3+5