

Sl. No	Contents	Page No
	Title	i
	Cirtificate of Supervisors	ii–iii
	Abstract	iv–v
	Declaration	vi
	Dedication	vii
	Curriculum Vitae	viii–x
	Acknowledgement	xi–xiii
	Table of Contents	xiv–xviii
	List of Tables	xix–xx
	List of Figures	xxi–xxiii
	List of Abbreviation	xxiv–xxvii
Ι	GENERAL INTRODUCTION	1–8
1.1	Introduction	2
1.2	Aims and objectives of the study	6
1.3	Outline of the thesis	7
II	REVIEW OF LITERATURE	9–30
2.1	Introduction	10
2.2	History and distribution of Potato Late Blight	10
2.3	Economic importance of the disease	12
2.4	Symptomatological study of Potato Late Blight disease 14	
2.5	Potato Late Blight disease development and spread	14
2.6	Environmental factors responsible for Potato Late Blight disease	15
	development	
2.7	The integrated 3S technology of Information Communication Technology	18
	(ICT) for disease monitoring and management	
	2.7.1 Application of remote sensing technology for disease detection and	19

monitoring

	2.7.2 Application of Geographic Information System for disease	24
	monitoring and management	
	2.7.3 Application of Global Positioning System for disaese monitoring	25
	and management	
2.8	Estimation of disease severity	26
III	GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE STUDY AREA	31–41
3.1	Location	32
3.2	Climate	32
3.3	Physiography and soil	36
3.4	Drainage system	37
3.5	Flora and Fauna	38
3.6	Agriculture	39
3.7	Demography	40
IV	ASSESSMENT OF SPATIO-TEMPORAL PHENOLOGY	42–66
	DYNAMICS OF POTATO CROP	
4.1	Introduction	43
4.2	Materials and methods	46
	4.2.1 Data used	46
	4.2.2 Methodology	48
	4.2.2.1 MODIS data processing	48
	4.2.2.2 Time series NDVI data interpolation and reconstruction	48
	4.2.2.3 Identification of cropping systems	49
	4.2.2.4 Identification of potato crop phenology	50
	4.2.2.5 Extraction of areas under potato crop	51
	4.2.2.6 Phenological metrics of potato crop	51
	4.2.2.7 Estimation of Fractional Crop Canopy Cover using Improved	52
	Pixel Dichotomy Model	
	4.2.2.8 Field validation	55
4.3		
	Result and discussion	55

XV

phenological pattern

4.4

4.3.2 Phenological metrics of potato	57
4.3.3 Spatial pattern of potato crop phenology	60
4.3.4 Relationship between NDVI, RVI, and potato crop canopy fraction	61
4.3.5 Spatial pattern of potato crop canopy fraction (PCCF)	62
4.3.6 Field validation	64
Conclusion	65

VHYPERSPECTRALOBSERVATIONFORPOTATOLATE67–94BLIGHT STUDY5.1Introduction685.2Objectives71

	5	
5.3	Materials and methods	71
	5.3.1 Locations of field based hyperspectral data collection	71
	5.3.2 Field hyperspectral measurements	72
	5.3.3 Signature file overlap/matching	73
	5.3.4 Noise removal and data smoothening	73
	5.3.5 Data normalization	74
	5.3.6 Continuum removal and characterization of spectral absorption	74
	features	
	5.3.7 Hyperspectral indices	76
	5.3.7.1 Red-edge and Red-edge Position	76
	5.3.7.2 Red-edge Normalized Difference Vegetation Index (NDVI ₇₀₅)	77
	5.3.7.3 Normalized Difference Water Index (NDWI)	77
	5.3.7.4 Normalised Difference Infrared Index (NDII)	77
	5.3.7.5 Moisture Stress Index (MSI)	78
	5.3.7.6 Plant Stress Detection Index (PSDI)	78
	5.3.7.7 Disease Water Stress Index (DWSI)	78
	5.3.8 Field measurement of Potato Late Blight disease severity	79
	5.3.9 Predictive ability	80
5.4	Results and discussion	81
	5.4.1 Generation of reference spectra	81

5.4.1 Generation of reference spectra	81
5.4.2 Spectral profile of disease plants and spectral transformation	81

xvi

	5.4.3 Spectra discrimination of PLB affected potato crops	83
	5.4.4 Location based spectral variables	87
	5.4.5 Spectral absorption features	88
	5.4.6 Sensitivity of Spectral Variables to Potato Late Blight disease	89
	5.4.7 Relationship between spectral variables and disease severity index	91
	5.4.8 Field validation	93
5.5	Conclusion	94

VI MODELING OF POTATO LATE BLIGHT DISEASE USING 95-142 MULTISPECTRAL MULTI-TEMPORAL SATELLITE DATA

6.1	Introduction	96
6.2	Objectives	98
6.3	Materials and methods	99
	6.3.1 Data used	99
	6.3.2 Methodology	99
	6.3.2.1 AWiFS data pre-processing	99
	6.3.2.2 Calculation of spectral vegetation indices	100
	6.3.2.2.1 Normalized Difference Vegetation Index	101
	6.3.2.2.2 Normalized Difference Water Index	101
	6.3.2.2.3 Angle Based Drought Index (ABDI)	101
	6.3.2.2.4 Potato Crop Canopy Fraction (PCCF) estimation using	102
	Dimidiate Pixel Model (DPM)	
	6.3.2.3 Field measurement of Potato Late Blight disease severity	103
	6.3.2.4 Segregation of potato crop pixels	104
	6.3.2.5 Field validation	104
	6.3.2.6 Estimation of model accuracy	104
6.4	Result and discussion	106
	6.4.1 Spectral reflectance of diseased and healthy potato crops	106
	6.4.2 Sensitivity analysis of vegetation indices towards discrimination of	108
	diseased crops from healthy crops	
	6.4.2.1 Discrimination between healthy and diseased crops on the	108
	basis of NDVI	



	6.4.2.2 Discrimination between healthy and diseased crops on the	111
	basis of NDWI	
	6.4.2.3 Discrimination between healthy and diseased crops on the	114
	basis of ABDI	
	6.4.2.4 Discrimination between healthy and diseased crops on the	116
	basis of PCCF	
	6.4.3 Estimation of Late Blight disease affected area	118
	6.4.3.1 Visual interpretation of imageries	118
	6.4.3.2 Rule based classification for delineating PLB affected areas	119
	6.4.3.3 Validation of the results	121
	6.4.4 PLB disease intensity or severity model	122
	6.4.5 Progression and spatial temporal pattern of PLB disease	138
6.5	Conclusion	141
VII	SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION	143-147
7.1	Summary and Conclusion	144
7.2	Future scope of the study	146

BIBLIOGRAPHY	148-170
APPENDIX	171-190

