#### 2014

### M.Sc.

## 4th Semester Examination

#### **ELECTRONICS**

PAPER-ELC-403

Full Marks: 50

Time: 2 hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Illustrate the answers wherever necessary.

# (Quantum Electronics)

Answer Q. No. 1 and any three from the rest.

- 1. (a) Why should the direct bandgap semiconducting materials be used for developing opto-electronic devices generally?
  - (b) Using time independent perturbation theory derive the first order perturbation in energy.

(Turn Over)

- (c) Show graphically how density of states for electrons in a quantum well differs form that of bulk devices.
- (d) What is stimulated emission? In what ways it is different from spontaneous emission?
- (e) Discuss the merits of MQW laser compared to QW laser. 2×5
- 2. (a) Explain photo-conduction & photo-emission.
  - (b) Discuss the principle of operation of quantum well laser.
  - (c) Explain 'quasi-equilibrium' for a semi-conductor laser.

    3+4+3
- 3. (a) What are the advantages of SAM-APD over an ordinary APD? What is GRIN-SCH?
  - (b) Describe the principle of operation of a super lattice APD? (3+2)+5
- 4. (a) Show using time dependent perturbation theory, that the transition probability from an initial step 1m > to a final state 1k > may be expressed as:

$$\left|a(t)\right|^2 = 4 \left| < k \left| H' \right| m > 1^2 \frac{\sin^2\left(\frac{1}{2}\omega_m t\right)}{\hbar^2 \omega_{km}^2} \right|$$

The symbols have their usual meanings.

- (b) Write the expression for Fermi-Golden Rule explaining the meaning of each term. Briefly indicate how you would derive the expression for Einstein B coefficient using Fermi-Golden Rule.

  5+(2+3)
- 5. (a) What do you mean by perturbation? What are degenerate and non-degenerate systems?
  - (b) Derive the expression for density of states as a function of energy for a bulk device.
  - (c) Draw the density of states function for electrons in bulk, Quantum well, Quantum wire and Quantum dot in the same diagram. (1+3)+4+2
- 6. (a) How is threshold current reduced in quantum well?
  - (b) Why the dimension of a quantum well should be less than the mean-free path of the electron/hole in the material?

(c) Describe the working principle of a quantum well infra-red photo-detector. 3+2+5

Internal Assessment - 10