

2017

**GEOLOGY**

[ **Honours** ]

**PAPER – I**

*Full Marks : 90*

*Time : 4 hours*

*The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks*

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable*

*Illustrate the answers wherever necessary*

**GROUP – A**

*(Introduction to Earth System Science)*

**Part—I**

**Answer any four questions :** 5 × 4

1. Briefly describe the different types of meteorites. 5

( Turn Over )

2. (a) Define earthquake focus and epicentre.  
(b) Write the differences between P-wave and S-wave.  
(c) What kind of instrument is used to measure the magnitude of an earthquake? 2 + 2 + 1
3. The geometry of volcanic cone largely depends on the magma composition— Explain. 5
4. (a) What is subduction zone ?  
(b) Define passive and active continental margin.  
(c) What is hot spot ? 2 + 2 + 1
5. Write a short note on discontinuity surfaces present within the Earth's interior with proper sketch. 5
6. (a) What is point bar and how does it form ?  
(b) What is varve deposit ? 3 + 2
7. (a) What is Isostasy ?

( 3 )

- (b) Write a short note on Isostatic anomaly. 1 + 4
8. Write a short note on law of superposition. 5

**Part--II**

Answer the following questions (any one): 10 × 1

9. (a) Describe different types of erosional landforms formed by air with neat sketches.
- (b) What is eskar ? 8+2
10. (a) What is mass wasting ?
- (b) Classify mass wasting in a tabular form.
- (c) What are the factors that control the rate of physical weathering ?
- (d) Write a short note of exfoliation. 2 + 3 + 2 + 3

**GROUP – B**

**(Mineralogy)**

**Part–I**

Answer the following questions (any four):  $5 \times 4$

11. Write two diagnostic physical properties for identifying each of the following minerals : 5

Kyanite, Pyrite, Hematite, Alkalifeldspar,  
Garnet.

12. State the Pauling's rules for ionic co-ordination. 5

13. (a) Define polymorphism with example.

(b) Write the differences between displacive and reconstructive polymorphism. 2 + 3

14. (a) Define a Dome and a Sphenoid.

(b) What do you mean by the term 'zone' in crystallography and how can you denote a zone in crystal ? 2 + 3

15. (a) What is order-disorder solid solution ? Give example.

(b) What are the factors that govern the solid solution in minerals ? 2 + 3

16. (a) What is optical indicatrix ?

- (b) Define 2V angle.
- (c) Write the differentiate between isotropic and anisotropic minerals. 2+1+2
17. (a) Differentiate between the minerals in each of the pairs by their optical properties :
- (i) Biotite and Muscovite
  - (ii) Hornblende and Hypersthene
  - (iii) Microcline and plagioclase feldspar.
- (b) What is refractive index of a mineral ? 3 + 2
18. (a) What are unit cell and space lattice ?
- (b) What do you understand by 2, 2/m,  $\bar{2}$  ?
- (c) How do you name the following :  
(111), [100], 222 and {111} ? 2 + 1 + 2

Part—II

Answer the following questions (any two) :  $10 \times 2$

19. (a) Draw the pyroxene quadrilateral to show its compositional variation.

- (b) Describe the amphibole structure with proper diagram and its structural formula. 5 + 5
20. (a) Classify crystal system on the basis of the relation among their crystallographic axes and angles between them.
- (b) Discuss briefly the stability relations of various  $Al_2SiO_5$  polymorphic forms. 5 + 5
21. (a) Classify silicates on the basis of their atomic structure with at least two examples from each class.
- (b) Write a short note on pseudomorphism. 5 + 5
22. (a) Write short notes on birefringence and interference colour of a mineral.
- (b) Give a brief account of optical indicatrix of a uniaxial mineral.
- (c) Define plane polarised light. 4 + 4 + 2

GROUP – C

*(Elements of Structural Geology)*

Part–I

Answer the following questions (any two) : 5 × 2

23. (a) Define the following structural terms :

Strike, True dip, Apparent dip, Rake.

(b) What is the difference between equal angle and equal area stereonet ? 4 + 1

24. (a) Write two difference between primary and secondary foliation.

(b) Write a short note on cleavage refraction. 2 + 3

25. (a) What is box fold and how does it differ from Chevron fold ? Give suitable diagram.

(b) According to Fluty's classification classify the fold on the basis of dip of axial plane. 2 + 3

26. Write short notes on the following (any two) : 5

(i) Boudinage

- (ii) Nonconformity
- (iii) Schistosity
- (iv) Intersection lineation.

Part—II

Answer the following questions (any one) :  $10 \times 1$

27. (a) Classify folds on the basis of dip isogon and orthogonal thickness with proper diagram.
- (b) Name the types of lineations formed at extensional and compressional regime of a fold.
- (c) Write the importance of axial planar cleavage in a folded region. 6 + 2 + 2
28. (a) Provide the evidences to demarked the presence of unconformity surface.
- (b) What is the difference between mullian and rodding ?



(c) Describe briefly how does the asymmetric minor folds are helpful to determine the identification of a major fold.

(d) Define interlimb angle of a fold with neat sketch. 3+2+3+2

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