

**M.Sc. 2nd Semester Examination, 2010**

**ELECTRONICS**

*(Electronic Materials)*

PAPER—EL-1203

(Theory)

*Full Marks : 40*

*Time : 2 hours*

Answer **Q. No. 1** and any **three** from the rest

*The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks*

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable*

*Illustrate the answers wherever necessary*

**1.** Answer any five questions : 2 × 5

(a) Why a Schottky defect is called a point defect and dislocation a line defect ?

(b) What is Hall effect ? 'Hall coefficient is positive in some metals' — why ?

(c) Write Boltzmann transport equation and explain.

(d) Draw a critical T-H-I diagram for superconductors and explain.

(e) Give reason on which side you will illuminate a  $p-n$  junction solar cell to get a better performance. What is the structural difference in between the crystalline and amorphous silicon solar cells ?

(f) What do you mean by spin wave ?

2. (a) Describe with suitable diagrams, edge dislocations and screw dislocations in crystal lattice.

(b) If 1 eV is required to move an atom from the interior of a crystal to its surface, what is the proportion of vacancies present in the crystal at 1000 K and at 300 K ?  $\left(3\frac{1}{2} + 3\frac{1}{2}\right) + \left(1\frac{1}{2} + 1\frac{1}{2}\right)$

3. (a) How does the electrical conductivity of a metal vary with : (i) impurity content, (ii) temperature ?

- (b) Obtain a general expression for Fermi energy of electrons in a metal at absolute zero. Show that at the same temperature, the average energy of electrons is  $3/5$  th of the Fermi energy. (1 + 2) + (5 + 2)

4. (a) What are the different ferroelectric phases of barium titanate? Explain spontaneous polarization.

- (b) What are conducting polymers? Explain the conduction mechanism in polyacetylene. (2 + 3) + (1 + 4)

5. (a) Distinguish between type-I and type-II superconductors. Name some materials belonging to these two types of superconductors.

- (b) Show that in an ac Josephson effect current oscillates with frequency

$$\omega = \frac{2eV}{\hbar}$$

Where the symbols have their usual meanings.

What is an inverse ac Josephson effect?

(2 + 1 + 1) + (4 + 2)

6. Write notes on any *two* :

5 × 2

(i) Oxide semiconductor

(ii) Quantum well

(iii) Optoelectronic material.

