Total No. of Pages: 4

2019

Part - II

MICROBIOLOGY

(Honours)

Paper - IV

(New Syllabus)

Full Marks - 90

Time: 4 Hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Illustrate the answers wherever necessary.

Answer any two questions, taking at least one from each subgroup.

15×2=30

Sub-Group - A(a)

- a) Write down characteristic features of adaptive immunity.
 - b) What is opsonization?
 - c) What should be the criteria to establish a substance as immunogen?
 - d) Distinguish between primary and secondary antibody responses.
 - e) Write a note on antibody class switching.

3+1+3+4+4

b) Write down the mode of action of tetracycline, penicillin, cycloheximide and zidovudine. Write a short note on dermatophytes. c) 3+8+4 4. How do the cytotoxic T lymphocytes kill the a) target cell? b) Write short note on Type I hypersensitivity. Distinguish between attenuated and inactivated c) vaccine d) Describe the role of TH cell in B-cell acivation. 4+5+2+4 Group - B Answer any five questions, taking at least two from each sub-group: $8 \times 5 = 40$ Sub-Group - B(a) Define batch, submerged and solid state 5. a) fermentation B.Sc/Part-II/MCB-IV(H) 2 Contd.

Differentiate between exotoxin and endotoxin.

Write down the structure of human immunodeficiency virus. Mention the genes and their

How do the bacteria acquire resistance power

3+(3+4)+5

functions present in HIV.

against drugs?

Briefly write the life cycle of HIV.

Sub-Group - A(b)

2.

3.

a)

b)

c)

a)

| | b) | Write down the steps of sauerkraut fermentation. 3+5 |
|---|------------|---|
| 6. | a) | Define probiotic and give example of a probiotic bacteria and yeast. |
| | b) | What should be the criteria of a bacterium to become a probiotic. 3+5 |
| 7. | a) | Draw and describe a fermenter. |
| | b) | Write a note on down stream processing. 5+3 |
| 8. | | efly explain the intrinsic and extrinsic factors microbial growth in food material. 4+4 |
| Sub-Group ~ B(b) | | |
| 9. | for | at is canning? Name two bacteria responsible canned food spoilage. How do the canned d get spoiled? (2+2)+4 |
| 10. | a) | What is bacteriocin? Write down the mode of action of bacteriocin. |
| - | b) | What is food perservative? What are the ideal characteristics of preservative? (2+2)+(1+3) |
| 11. Write short notes on IgM and IgA. 4+4 | | |
| 12. | a) | Describe the factors affecting antigen and antibody reaction. |
| | b) | Distinguish between Class I and Class II MHC. 4+4 |

P.T.O.

B.Sc/Part-II/MCB-IV(H) 3

Group - C

Answer any **five** questions, taking at least **two** from each sub-group: 4×5=20

Group - C(a)

- 13. How the exogenous antigen process? 4
- 14. Write down the role of lactic acid bacteria in dairy fermentation.
- 15. Give a brief description of mycotoxins. 4
- 16. Explain clonal selection theory of B cells leading to antibody synthesis.4

Group - C(b)

- 17. Define hapten and adjuvant. Give example. 2+2
- 18. Why milk is considered as a perishable food. Give justification behind it.4
- Write down the principles of high pressure technology employed for food preservation.
- 20. Describe different methods of enzyme immobilization. 4