

**M.Sc. 1st Semester Examination, 2019**

**MATHEMATICS**

**PAPER –MTM-106**

*Full Marks : 25*

*Time : 1 hours*

**Answer all questions**

*The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks*

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable*

*Illustrate the answers wherever necessary*

1. Answer any two questions : 2 × 2
- (a) Describe spanning tree of a connected graph  $G$ .
- (b) Prove that there is one and only one path between every pair of vertices in a tree  $T$ .

- (c) Define isomorphic graph and give an example.
- (d) Find the digraph whose adjacency matrix is

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

2. Answer any *two* questions :

4 × 2

- (a) Define circuit of a graph  $G$  and prove that a circuit free graph with  $n$  vertices and  $(n - 1)$  edges is a tree.
- (b) Explain fundamental cut-set. With respect to a given spanning tree  $T$ , show that each branch determines a fundamental cut-set  $S$ , which is contained in every fundamental circuit associated with the chords in  $S$  and in no others.
- (c) Show that a simple connected planar graph with 6 vertices and 12 edges, each of the face is bounded by 3 edges.

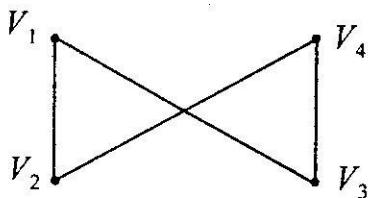
(d) Prove that the graph  $K_{3,3}$  and  $K_5$  are not planar.

3. Answer any *one* question : 8 × 1

(a) (i) State and prove Euler's theorem for a connected planar graph. 4

(ii) Show that a simple graph with  $n$  vertices and  $m$  components can have at most  $\frac{1}{2}(n-m)(n-m+1)$  edges. 4

(b) Describe four-colour problem in graph theory. Consider the graph shown in figure, find the number of walks of length three from  $V_2$  to  $V_4$  and also check the connectedness of the graph. 3 + 5



[ *Internal Assessment* : 5 Marks ]