## **PG/IIS/CEM-204/15**

## M.Sc. 2nd Semester Examination, 2015

## CHEMISTRY

PAPER – CEM- 204

Full Marks: 40

*Time* : 2 hours

Answer any four questions

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks All symbols are of usual significance

1.	( <i>a</i> )	Differentiate between	3
		(i) Extraction and Leaching	
	•	( <i>ii</i> ) Adsorption and Desorption.	
	(b)	State and explain Fick's law of diffusion.	2
	(c)	Explain the term molecular diffusion and Eddy diffusion.	3
	( <i>d</i> )	Show that $D_{AB} = D_{BA}$ .	2

(Turn Over)

2. (a) Alcohol vapour is diffusing through a layer of water vapour under equimolar counter diffusion at 35°C and 1 atm. pressure. The molar concentration of alcohol on the two sides of the gas film (water vapour) 0.3 mm thick are 80% and 10% respectively. Assuming the diffusivity of alcohol-water vapour to be 0.18 cm²/s. (i) Calculate the rate of diffusion of alcohol and water vapour in kg/hr through on area of 100 cm²; (ii) if the water vapour layer is stagnent, estimate the rate of diffusion of alcohol vapour.

- (b) Ammonia diffuses through nitrogen gas under equimolar counter diffusion at a total pressure of  $1.013 \times 10^5$  Pa and at a temperature of 298 K. The diffusion path is 0.15 m. The partial pressure of ammonia at are point is  $1.5 \times 10^4$  Pa and at the other point is  $5 \times 10^3$  Pa. Diffusivity under the given condition is  $2.3 \times 10^{-5}$  m<sup>2</sup>/s. Calculate the flux of ammonia.
- 3. (a) Comment on the origin of coal.

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(Continued)

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	( <i>b</i> )	Discuss the significance various parameters in proximate analysis of coal.	3
	(c)	Define crude petroleum.	2
•	( <i>d</i> )	Write the function of desalting operation of crude oil.	2
4.	( <i>a</i> )	Define fuel and mention about its classification.	2
	(b)	Discuss the charcoal manufacturing process.	2
	(c)	Write the function of carbonization of coal.	2
	( <i>d</i> )	Differentiate the thermal and catalytic cracking process.	2
	(e)	Write the reactions and operating conditions of the Fischer-Tropsch process.	2
5.	( <i>a</i> )	What are the available refractory materials ?	3
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(3)

(4)

- (b) For the liquid phase zero-order reaction A→B, the conversion of A in a CSTR is found to be 0.3 at a space velocity of 0.1 min<sup>-1</sup>. What will be the conversion for a PFR with a space velocity of 0.2 min<sup>-1</sup>? Assume that all the other operating conditions are same for CSTR and PER.
- (c) Discuss the flow pattern in ideal PFR and CSTR reactor.

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