## M.Sc. 2nd Semester Examination 2014

## **CHEMISTRY**

PAPER -CEM-204

Full Marks: 40

Time: 2 hours

## Answer any four questions

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks

All symbols are of usual significant

- 1. (a) Differentiate between renewable and non -renewable fuels with examples.
  - (b) Discuss the origin of coal.
  - (c) Write the significance of various parameters in the proximate analysis. 2+4+4
- 2. (a) Why net calorific value is less than gross calorific value?

- (b) What is the significance of octane number?
- (c) Write the products and its temperature range obtained from atmospheric distillation of crude oil.
- (d) What is the difference between domestic LPG and auto LPG? 2+2+4+2
- 3. (a) State and explain Fick's law of diffusion.
  - (b) Show that  $D_{AB} = D_{BA}$ .
  - (c) In an oxygen-nitrogen gas mixture at 1 atm.
    25°C, the concentration of O<sub>2</sub> at two planes 0.2 cm apart are 10 % and 20 % (by vol) respectively. Calculate the flux of O<sub>2</sub> when (i) N<sub>2</sub> is non-diffusing and (ii) there is equimolar counter diffusion.
    Diffusivity of O<sub>2</sub> in N<sub>2</sub> is 0.215 cm<sup>2</sup>/s. 2 + 2 + 6
- 4. (a) With proper defination of the term ORE explain the statement "sometimes ORE is MINERAL and MINERAL is ORE".

- (b) Discuss the principle of Froth Flotation process used in mineral processing. 5+5
- 5. (a) Explain how differential analysis of kinetic data set is carried out.
  - (b) For an elementary reaction

$$A + B \longrightarrow Product$$

The reaction rate at 500 K at 10 times that at 400 K. Calculate the activation energy for this reaction.

- (c) For the liquid phase zero-order reaction A→B, the conversion of A in a CSTR is found to be 0·3 at a space velocity of 0·1 min<sup>-1</sup>. What will be the conversion for a PFR with a space velocity of 0·2 min<sup>-1</sup>. Assume that all the other operating conditions are the same for CSTR and PFR. 2+4+4
- 6. (a) Define refractory material.
  - (b) Write the classification of refractory material:

- (c) Define crystalline and non-crystalline ceramics.
- (d) Write the useful properties of ceramics.
- (e) Write the raw materials used for the manufacture of acidic and neutral refractory.

$$2+2+2+2+2$$