M.Sc. 2nd Semester Examination, 2013

CHEMISTRY

(Inorganic)

PAPER-CEM-203

Full Marks: 40

Time: 2 hours

Answer any five questions taking at least two from each Group

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks

GROUP - A

- 1. (a) Using group theoretical principle determine the characters of irreducible representations of $C_{4\nu}$ point group. Write appropriate Mulliken symbols for these irreducible representations.
 - (b) With the help of group theory justify that $\pi \to \pi^*$ electronic transition is electric-

(Turn Over)

dipole allowed but $n \to \pi^*$ electronic transition is not electric-dipole allowed for formaldehyde molecule. Given below the character table for $C_{2\nu}$ point group.

C_{2v}	E	C_2	$\sigma_{v}(xz)$	$\sigma_v^1(yz)$		
A_1	1	1	1	1	Z	x^2, y^2, z^2
$A^{}_2$	1	1	-1	-1	R_z	хy
B_{1}	1	-1	1	-1	x,R_y	xz
B_2	1	-1	-1	1	y,R _x	yz

- 2. Using molecular orbital theory derive the expression for the energy of symmetric and antisymmetric states of H_2^+ ion. Deduce the expression for symmetric and antisymmetric functions of H_2^+ ion. (Derivation of secular determinant is not required).
- 3. (a) What do you mean by conditional stability constant?

2

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(b) Calculate the concentrations of free Ca²⁺ ions in a 0·10 M solution of CaY²⁻ at pH 5·0 and 12·0. Use the data given below.

Log
$$K_f = 10.69$$

 $\alpha_{Y^{4-}} = 3.7 \times 10^{-7} \text{ at pH} = 5.0$
 $\alpha_{Y^{4-}} = 0.98 \text{ at pH} = 12.0$

- (c) How EDTA selectivity can be increased for a metal ion?
- 4. (a) Use group theoretical principle to determine the symmetry of vibrational mode of $Cis-N_2F_2$ molecule using cartesian co-ordinate method. Identify the symmetry of IR and Raman active mode in this molecule. (Use the character table of C_2 , point Group given in Q. No. 1)
 - (b) What do you mean by representation of a direct product? Show that the representation of a direct product, Γ_{AB} , will contain the totally symmetric representation only if the irreducible Γ_{A} = the irreducible Γ_{B} . 1+3

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(Turn Over)

3.

GROUP - B

5. (a) Complete the following reactions:

(i)
$$[CpFe(CO)_2I] + AgBF_4 + C_2H_4 \longrightarrow$$

(ii)
$$ZrCl_4 + Na - Hg + C_7H_{18} \longrightarrow$$

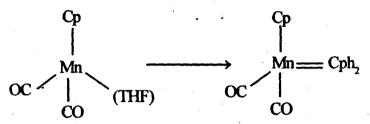
(iv)
$$\begin{array}{c}
 & H \\
 & Cl
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 & (I) \text{ PMe}_{3} \\
 & (II) \text{ Ph}_{3}P = CH_{2} \\
 & \text{high temp}
\end{array}$$

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- (b) "On forming [Ir Br(CO)($\eta^2 C_2(CN)_4$)(PPh₃)₂], the C - C distance in $C_2(CN)_2$ increases from 135 to 151 pm" - discuss.
 - (c) Put appropriate reagent for the following reaction.



- 6. (a) What do you mean by ternary complex?

 Derive the expression for stability constant of ternary chelates. 1+4
 - (b) What are the differences between "chelating ligand" and "macrocyclic ligand"?
 - (c) Write the formula of Job's method used for the determination of composition of Metal-Ligand complexes.
- 7. (a) Discuss bonding in carbene complexes.

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- (b) Predict the product of the following reaction:
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 - $OC \xrightarrow{Fe} -C \xrightarrow{Me} IPh_3C]BF_4$ $OC \xrightarrow{Ke} IPh_3C]BF_4$ Me
 - (iii) $Mo(g) + 3C_4H_6(g) \xrightarrow{\text{Co-condensation}} \text{at low temp.}$
 - $(iv)(t-BuO)_3W = W(t-BuO)_3 + RC \equiv CR$
- (c) How will you synthesize $(OC)_5W = \langle Me \rangle_5$ Me, starting from $W(CO)_6$?

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(d) Which of the following M-alkene complex will look a most like metallacyclopropane and why?

$$(CH_2 = CH_2) Ni(PPh_3)_2$$

 $(CH_2 = CH_2) Fe(CO)_4$.

- 8. (a) What is cyclic voltammetry? Why it is so called? What is its applications? 2+1+1
 - (b) Write down the relationship between excitation spectra and fluorescence spectra. 2
 - (c) How does "flame photometry" differ from the "atomic absorption spectrophotometry"?

1