#### 2018

# M.Sc. Part-I Examination

### ZOOLOGY

PAPER—III (Group—A)

Full Marks: 50

Time: 2 Hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Illustrate the answers wherever necessary.

Answer any four questions taking two from each unit.

#### Unit-I

## (Ecology)

 Discuss the effects of temperature on behaviour and distribution of animals. Define ecological efficiency and describe different types of ecological efficiency.

5+2+51/2

- 2. Define survivorship curve. Explain type II and III survivorship curves with the help of suitable examples.

  Describe exploitative and interference types of competition.

  2+6+4%
- 3. What is Life-Table? State its significance. Explain  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  and y diversities. Discuss r and k selection strategies with ecological significance.  $2+2+4\frac{1}{2}+4$
- 4. (a) Explain any one of the following: 4½
  - (i) Individualistic concept of community.
  - (ii) Ecotone
  - (b) Write short notes on any two of the following: 2×4
    - (i) Food chain and food web
    - (ii) Dominance index
    - (iii) Types of stability
    - (iv) Limitations of Lotka-Volterra model for predation.

#### Unit-II

#### (Ethology)

- 5. (a) Define inclusive fitness. Explain four questions of ethology as defined by Tinbergen. 2+4
  - (b) What are proximate and ultimate causes in ethology?
    What is habituation?
    4½+2
- (a) State shelter seeking behaviour with example.
   Explain sexual selection.
  - (b) Innate behaviour is the 'hard-wiring' of the nervous system—justify with example.
  - (c) Explain Fixed Action Pattern as inclusive fitness.

31/2

7. Define altruism and reciprocal altruism. Compare classical and operant conditioning. Explain imprinting with example. What is escape behaviour?

4+4+21/2+2

8. (a) Explain any one of the following:

41/2

- (i) Anting
- (ii) Handicap hypothesis

- (b) Write notes on any two of the following: 2:
  - (i) Optimal Foraging Theory
  - (ii) Sexual dimorphism
  - (iii) Alarm signal and mobbing
  - (iv) Conflict.