

2018

COMPUTER SCIENCE

[Honours]

PAPER – IV

Full Marks : 100

Time : 4 hours

*The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks
Candidates are required to give their answers in their
own words as far as practicable*

Illustrate the answers wherever necessary

[NEW SYLLABUS]

GROUP—A

Answer any two questions : 15 × 2

1. (a) Explain immediate, register indirect and stack addressing modes with examples.

(Turn Over)

- (b) Write down the task of ALE, HOLD and $\overline{\text{IO/M}}$ signals of 8085 microprocessor.
- (c) What are the functions of Literal table, Machine operation table and pseudo-operation table of a two pass assembler ? $5 + 5 + 5$
2. (a) Describe the Booth's multiplication method.
- (b) Multiply decimal number $(-23)_{10}$ and $(9)_{10}$ using the above method.
- (c) Draw the timing diagram for execution of MOV A, M instruction. $5 + 5 + 5$
3. (a) What do you mean by fetch cycle and instruction cycle ?
- (b) What is T-state ? Calculate T-state time if frequency of microprocessor clock is 6 MHz.
- (c) What is timing diagram ?
- (d) Draw a timing diagram for the instruction MOV M, C. $(2 + 2) + (2 + 2) + 2 + 5$

4. (a) Draw and explain the internal architecture of 8085 microprocessor.

(b) A computer has a main memory of $64K \times 16$ and a cache memory of 1K words. The cache uses direct mapping with a block of four words.

(i) How many bits are there in the tag, index, block and word fields of the address format ?

(ii) How many bits are there in each word of cache ?

(c) Distinguish dynamic loading and dynamic linking.

5 + 5 + 5

GROUP – B

Answer any five questions : 8 × 5

5. (a) Define the parameter bandwidth and speed.

(b) What is the memory capacity of a hard disk having 10 disk, each disk layer have 300 track, each track have 50 sectors. Each sector can able to contain 100 KB data.

(c) Why CD tracks are spiral rather than circular ?
(2 + 2) + 2 + 2

6. (a) Write an assembly language program for 8085 microprocessor to add two 16 bit numbers without using DAD instruction.

(b) Compare CISC and RISC computer architecture. 4 + 4

7. A memory structure is required of $1K \times 8$ RAM and 512×8 ROM using 512×8 RAM ICs and 12×4 ROM ICs. All structure will be controlled by 16 bit CPU.

(i) How many ROM & RAM ICs are required ?

(ii) How many address lines are required ?

(iii) Draw the block diagram of that memory structure.

(iv) Give the memory map for that structure.

1 + 1 + 3 + 3

8. (a) What is base-index addressing mode ?

(b) Show the execution of,

$$X = (A + B) - C/D$$

using three, two and one address mode.

2 + (2 × 3)

9. (a) What is loader ? What are the functions of it ?

(b) Explain relocating loader.

4 + 4

10. (a) Compare I/O and memory mapped I/O.

(b) Evaluate $X = (A + B) - (C + D)$ using one and zero address instructions.

4 + 4

11. (a) Explain bits of flags of a 8085 μ p.

(b) Explain XCHG and RRC instruction of 8085 μ p.

(c) Arrange hardwire interrupts of 8085 μ p according to their priority.

4 + 2 + 2

12. (a) Write an assembly language program to calculate square root of a number using look up table.

(b) Draw the block diagram of 8254 processor.

4 + 4

GROUP – C

Answer any five questions : 4 × 5

13. (a) What are the difference between hardwire and microprogrammed control units ?
(b) What is CMBR ? 3 + 1
14. (a) Give the bit pattern of SIM.
(b) What is the SIM if only RST 7.5 is enable interrupt ? 3 + 1
15. Distinguish SRAM and DRAM. 4
16. (a) What is cross-assembler.
(b) What is the difference between compiler and interpreter ? 2 + 2
17. (a) Explain BSR of 8085 μ p using bit pattern
(b) What is BSR value if PC_3 is to be Set ? 3 + 1

18. (a) Draw the input block diagram of pin configuration (PA, PB & PC) of 8255 IC in Mode 1.
- (b) What are the modes of 8255 IC ? 3 + 1
19. Explain the following 8085 instructions : 4
- (i) PCHL
- (ii) STAX
- (iii) XCHG
- (iv) XTHL.
20. (a) What is the function of stack pointer and program counter ?
- (b) What is fold back memory ? 2 + 2

[*Internal Assessment* – 10 Marks]
