

M.Sc 4th Semester Examination, 2010

**APPLIED MATHEMATICS WITH OCEANOLOGY
AND COMPUTER PROGRAMMING**

PAPER — MA - 2204

(Nonlinear Optimization)

Full Marks : 50

Time : 2 hours

Q.No. 1 is compulsory and any **three** from the rest

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks

1. Answer any *five* of the following: 2 × 5

(a) What do you mean by decomposition principle of Dantzig and Wolfe? What is the advantage of decomposition principle?

(b) What is the necessity of constraint qualification related with nonlinear programming?

(c) What do you mean by polynomial and posynomial?

(Turn Over)

- (d) What is chance constrained programming technique?
- (e) Define bimatrix game with an example.
- (f) Define convex programming problem with an example.

2. (a) Describe Wolfe's modified simplex algorithm to solve the quadratic programming problem.

$$\text{Maximize } Z = f(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$$

$$= \sum_{j=1}^n C_j x_j + \sum_{j=1}^n \sum_{k=1}^n C_{jk} x_j x_k$$

subject to constraints

$$\sum a_{ij} x_j \leq b_i, \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, m$$

$$x_j \geq 0, \quad j = 1, 2, \dots, n$$

where $C_{jk} = C_{kj}$, $\forall j$ and k , $b_i \geq 0$, $\forall i$.

- (b) State and prove saddle point necessary optimality theorem.

6 + 4

3. (a) Let θ be a numerical differentiable function on an open convex set $\Gamma \subset \mathbb{R}^n$. Prove that θ is concave on Γ if and only if

$$\theta(x^2) - \theta(x^1) \leq \nabla \theta(x^1)(x^2 - x^1),$$

for each $x^1, x^2 \in \Gamma$.

- (b) When a Nash equilibrium strategy pair is admissible? Prove that all strategically equivalent bimatrix games have the same Nash equilibria. Define Nash equilibrium strategy and Nash equilibrium outcome in mixed strategies. 5 + 5

4. (a) Solve by Beale's method

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Maximize } Z &= 2x_1 + 3x_2 - x_1^2 \\ \text{subject to } x_1 + 2x_2 &\leq 4 \\ x_1, x_2 &\geq 0. \end{aligned}$$

- (b) State and prove weak duality theorem. 7 + 3

5. (a) State and prove Wolfe's duality theorem.

(b) Find $x_1 > 0$, $x_2 > 0$ that minimizes

$$g(x_1, x_2) = 8x_1 + \frac{12}{x_1^2 x_2^3} + 3x_2^4. \quad 5 + 5$$

6. (a) State and Fritz John saddle point necessary optimality theorem.

(b) State Kuhn - Tucker stationary point necessary optimality theorem.

(c) Write the relationship between the solutions of the local minimization problem (LMP), the minimization problem (MP), the Fritz John stationary problem (FJP) and Kuhn - Tucker stationary problem (KTP). 5 + 2 + 3

[*Internal Assessment* : 10 Marks]

(Dynamical Oceanology -II)

Full Marks : 50

Time : 2 hours

Answer any four questions

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks

1. Deduce the momentum equation and state the physical interpretation of the terms. 7 + 3
2. Deduce the equations of inertia-current. Hence find the inertial periods at the pole and equator. 6 + 4
3. Show that the shallow-water equation can be expressed as

$$\frac{dH}{dt} + H \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} \right) = 0$$

(symbols have their usual meaning). 10

4. Discuss Poincaré and Kelvin waves when

$$\alpha = \frac{n\pi}{L}, \quad n = 1, 2, 3, \dots \quad 10$$

5. Obtain the solution of the equations of motion for the pure drift currents in a finitely deep, plane, homogeneous layer of fluid which rotates uniformly about a vertical axis. Hence deduce the following :
- (i) The surface current U_s is directed at an angle 45° to the right of the wind stress vector τ in the northern hemisphere.
- (ii) At a certain depth, the current vector is opposite to U_s . 10
6. Write down the vertical structure equation and hence show that the higher baroclinic mode will propagate its energy more slowly than the barotropic modes. 10

[*Internal Assessment* : 10 Marks]
