

M.Sc. 2nd Semester Examination, 2013

**APPLIED MATHEMATICS WITH OCEANOLOGY
AND COMPUTER PROGRAMMING**

(Abstract Algebra and Linear Algebra)

PAPER—MTM-203

Full Marks : 50

Time : 2 hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks

GROUP — A

(Abstract Algebra)

[*Marks : 25*]

Time : 1 hour

**Answer Q. No. 1 and any two questions
from the rest**

I. Answer any *two* questions : 2 × 2

**(a) Define kernel of a group homomorphism and
explain it with an example. 2**

(Turn Over)

- (b) Show that characteristic of any two non-zero elements of an integral domain are same. 2
- (c) Define simple group and give an example of it. 2
2. (a) State and prove the fundamental theorem of group homomorphism. 5
- (b) Show that direct product $z \times z$ is not a cyclic group. 3
3. (a) If G be a group of order p^n , where p is a prime number and n be any positive integer, show that center of G is a non-trivial group. 5
- (b) Show that a field has no non-trivial proper ideals. 3
4. (a) If R be a commutative ring with unity and $S \neq R$ be an ideal of R , show that R/S is an integral domain if and only if S is a prime ideal of R . 5
- (b) Show that every field is an Euclidean domain. 3

[*Internal Assessment : 5 Marks*]

(3)

GROUP – B

(*Linear Algebra*)

[*Marks : 25*]

Time : 1 hour

**Answer Q. No. 5 and any two questions
from the rest**

5. Answer any two questions : 2 × 2

(a) Let V be a finite dimensional vector space.
What are the characteristic and minimal
polynomials for the zero operator on V ?

(b) If $\dim V = m$, then find $\dim L(V, V)$, where
 $L(V, V)$ denotes the space of all linear
transformations from V to V .

(c) Let T be a linear operator on a vector space
 $V(F)$. If $T^2 = 0$. (0 being zero transformation),
what can you say about the relation of the
range of T to the null space of T ?

(d) Define modular lattice with an example.

6. (a) Let $T_a: \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$ be a map given by $T_a(x, y, z) = (x, ay, z)$, $a \in \mathbb{R}$ being fixed. Show that T_a is an isomorphism. What can you say about T_0 ? 4
- (b) Give the definition of lattice with respect to poset and also give the definition of lattice with respect to algebra. Show that the two definitions are equivalent. 4
7. (a) Let T be a linear operator on a finite dimensional vector space V . Prove that the following are equivalent: 4
- (i) c is a characteristic value of T
 - (ii) the operator $T - cI$ is singular (non-invertible)
 - (iii) $\det(T - cI) = 0$.
- (b) Prove that a chain is a distributive lattice. 2
- (c) Let $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$ be linear. Show that there exist scalars a, b and c such that

$$T(x, y, z) = ax + by + cz$$

(5)

for all $(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3$. Can you generalise this result for $T: F^n \rightarrow F$? Justify your answer. 2

8. (a) Find the minimal polynomial for the real matrix. 4

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 4 & -1 \\ 4 & 7 & -1 \\ -4 & -4 & 4 \end{bmatrix}.$$

- (b) Is there a linear mapping $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$ such that $T(1, 0, 3) = (1, 1)$ and $T(-2, 0, -6) = (2, 1)$? Justify your answer. 2

- (c) Define $T: P_3(\mathbb{R}) \rightarrow M_{2 \times 2}(\mathbb{R})$ by

$$T(f) = \begin{pmatrix} f(1) & f(2) \\ f(3) & f(4) \end{pmatrix}$$

Examine whether T is invertible or not. 2

[Internal Assessment : 5 Marks]