

**2018**

**M.A.**

**1st Semester Examination**

**POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**Paper—PLS-104**

**Full Marks : 50**

**Time : 2 Hours**

*The figures in the right-hand margin indicate full marks.*

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.*

*Illustrate the answers wherever necessary.*

**[Politics in India (Issues and Challenges)]**

**Group—A**

**1. Answer any two questions :**

**2×2**

(a) Define religion.

(b) How would you define patriarchy?

*(Turn Over)*

(c) What did Gandhi Mean by 'Hindusthani' language ?

(d) What is 'information' ?

2. Answer any *two* questions : 2×4

(a) Why did Bipan Chandra regard communalism as 'false consciousness' ?

(b) What are the Major demands of the Minorities in India ?

(c) Analyse the political significance of linguistic diversities in India.

(d) What are the basic features of the Right to Education (RTE) Act, 2009 in India ?

3. Answer any *one* question : 1×8

(a) Assess the role of the state in the process of secularisation of Indian Politics.

(b) Analyse the contemporary trends in the politics of reservation in India.

**Group—B**

4. Answer any *two* questions : 2×2
- (a) Define regionalism.
  - (b) Point out any two determinants of state parties in India.
  - (c) What do you mean by NGO ?
  - (d) What is meant by 'social movement'?
5. Answer any *two* questions : 2×4
- (a) What are the Major Socio-cultural aspects of regionalism in India ?
  - (b) What, according to Iqbal Narain, is the 'three dimensions frame-work' for the study of State Politics in India ?
  - (c) Briefly comment on the contemporary trends in the functioning of NGOs in India.
  - (d) How would you differentiate between 'old' and 'new' social movements ?

6. Answer any *one* question :

1×8

- (a) Write a brief note on the typologies of regionalism in India.
- (b) Analyse the Socio-Political background of the emergence of 'new' social movements in India.

***[Internal Assessment : 10 Marks]***

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