

2018

M.A.

1st Semester Examination

PHILOSOPHY

PAPER—PHI-102

Full Marks : 40

Time : 2 Hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Illustrate the answers wherever necessary.

Answer all questions.

Group-A

1. Answer any four questions : 4×2
- (a) What is a multiply general proposition ? Give an example. 1+1
- (b) Is there any difference between (x) (Fx.Gx) and (y) (Fy.Gy) ?
Answer after Copi. 2
- (c) 'Everything that is an F is also a G'— Translate it into logical form. 2
- (d) State the revised sense of the word 'valid'. 2

(Turn Over)

- (e) State the second general convention governing the expressions ' $\phi\mu$ ' and ' $\phi\gamma$ '. 2
- (f) What is meant by various quantification? 2
- (g) When is a disjunction false and when is a conjunction true? Answer after Jefree. 2
- (h) What is indicated by an open path in a tree of Truth Tree test? 2

Group-B

2. Answer any *four* questions : 4x4
- (a) Symbolize the following using suggested notations.
- (i) If something is damaged, but nobody is blamed, the tenant will not be charged for it. (Dx : x is damaged, Px : x is a person, Bx : x is blamed, Cx : x will be charged to the tenant)
- (ii) If all ripe bananas are yellow, some yellow bananas are ripe. (Rx : x is ripe, Bx : x is a banana, Yx : x is yellow) 2+2
- (b) In what sense can be propositional function be said to follow validly from other propositional functions? Answer after Copi. 4
- (c) Establish the logical truth of equivalences of the form
 $(\forall)(\phi\psi \supset P) \equiv [(\exists\mu)(\phi\mu) \supset P]$. 4

(d) Identify and explain the mistake(s) in the following :

1. $(x)(\exists y)(Fx \equiv Gy) / \therefore (\exists y)(x)(Fx \equiv Gy)$

2. $(\exists y)(Fx \equiv Gy) - 1. UI$

3. $Fx \equiv Gy .$

4. $(x)(Fx \equiv Gy) - 3, UG$

5. $(\exists y)(x)(Fx \equiv Gy) - 4. EG$

6. $(\exists y)(x)(Fx \equiv Gy) - 2, 3 - 5 EI.$

(e) Prove the invalidity of the following

$$(x)(\exists y)(Px \supset Qy)$$

$$(y)(\exists z)(Ry \supset Qz) / \therefore (\exists x)(z)(Px \supset Rz)$$

(f) Demonstrate that the following is a logical truth. 4

$$(x)Fx \equiv \sim (\exists x)\sim Fx .$$

(g) Write and explain the rule of disjunction following Jeffrey. 4

(h) Symbolize and check the validity of the following argument : 4

Min is home or on board.

Hen is home or on board.

They are not both on board.

\therefore Min is home or Hen is.

Group-C

1. Answer any two questions : 2×8

(a) State and explain the revised version of the rule of UG. 8

(b) Construct a formal proof of validity of the following.

(i) $(\exists x) Ax \supset (y) (By \supset cy)$

$$(\exists x) Dx \supset (\exists y) By / \therefore (\exists x)(Ax.Dx) \supset (\exists y) Dy$$

(ii) All the accused are guilty. All who are convicted will hang. Therefore, if all who are guilty are connected, then all the accused will hang. (Ax, Gx, Cx, Hx)

4+4

(c) (i) Prove the invalidity of the following :

$$(x)(\exists y)(Fx \equiv Gy) / \therefore (\exists y)(x)(Fx \equiv Gy)$$

(ii) Demonstrate that the following is a logical truth.

$$(x)(Fx \supset Gx) \supset [(x)Fx \supset (x)Gx] \quad 4+4$$

(d) Use tree method to determine whether the following arguments are valid or not.

(i) $(Z \wedge A) \rightarrow (B \wedge C)$

$$Z \rightarrow A / \therefore Z \rightarrow (B \wedge C)$$

(ii) $A \supset B$

$$C \supset D$$

$$AVD / \therefore BVC. \quad 4+4$$