

2016

STATISTICS

[Honours]

PAPER – III

Full Marks : 90

Time : 4 hours

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable

Illustrate the answers wherever necessary

[OLD SYLLABUS]

GROUP – A

Answer any three questions : 18 × 3

1. (a) Let $\underline{X}_{PK1} = (X_1 \dots X_p)'$ have the distribution $N_p(\mu, \Sigma)$. Show that $C_1 X_1 + \dots + C_p X_p$ as a normal random variable.

6

(Turn Over)

(b) If $\underline{X}_{p \times 1} = (X_1 \dots X_p)'$ follow P -variate normal distribution and $\underline{Y} = A\underline{X}$ with A non-singular, show that \underline{Y} is also normal random vector. 6

(c) Obtain the MGF of \underline{X} , where $\underline{X} \sim N_p(\mu, \Sigma)$. 6

2. (a) Suppose $\underline{X} = (X_1, \dots, X_x)'$ follow multinomial distribution with parameters (m, p_1, \dots, p_x) where $p_i > 0, i = 1, 2 \dots x$.

$$\sum_{i=1}^x p_i = 1 \text{ and } \sum_{i=1}^x X_i = m.$$

Obtain the variance-covariance matrix for $\underline{X} = (X_1, \dots, X_x)$. Indicate the condition for non-singularity of the above mentioned matrix. 8

(b) Explain the idea of concentration ellipsoid for univariate random variable. Extend it for bivariate distributions. 10

3. (a) Define chi-square distribution. Show that if $X_1 \sim \chi^2_{(n_1)}$ and $X_2 \sim \chi^2_{(n_2)}$ where X_1 and X_2 are independent, then $X_1 + X_2 \sim \chi^2_{(n_1 + n_2)}$. 8

- (b) Let X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n be independent random variables, and $X_i \sim N(0, 1)$, $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$. Obtain the conditional distribution of $X_1^2 + \dots + X_n^2$ under m -restrictions

$$\begin{array}{rcl} a_{11}X_1 + a_{12}X_2 + \dots & + a_{1n}X_n = 0 \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ a_{m1}X_1 + \dots & + a_{mn}X_n = 0 \end{array} \quad 10$$

4. (a) Let X_1, X_2, X_3 be independent $N(0, 1)$ random variables. Find the distribution of

$$\frac{(X_1 + X_2 + X_3)/\sqrt{3}}{(X_1 - 2X_2 + X_3)/\sqrt{6}} \quad 6$$

- (b) If X_1 and X_2 are independently distributed random variables each in the form $U(0, 1)$. Show that

$$Y_1 = \sqrt{-2 \ln X_1} \cos 2A X_2$$

$$\text{and } Y_2 = \sqrt{-2 \ln X_1} \sin 2A X_2$$

are independent.

6

(c) Let X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n be a random sample from $U(0, 1)$. Find the distribution of their geometric mean. 6

5. (a) Let $X_1, X_2 \sim U(0, 1)$. Find the distributions of $X_1 + X_2$ and $X_1 - X_2$. 8

(b) Let $X_i \sim N(0, 1), i = 1, 2, \dots, n$. Establish the independence of

$$Y_1 = \frac{X_1}{\sqrt{\sum_{i=2}^n X_i^2}}, Y_2 = \frac{X_2}{\sqrt{\sum_{i=3}^n X_i^2}} \dots Y_{n-1} = \frac{X_{n-1}}{|X_n|}, Y_n = \sum_{i=1}^n X_i^2.$$

Determine the distribution of each Y_i . 10

GROUP - B

Answer any one question : 18 × 1

6. (a) Explain 3-sigma limits and probability limits for control charts. 6

(b) Describe control charts for number of defectives and control charts for number of defects. 12

7. (a) Explain Consumer's risk and Producer's risk in the context for sampling inspection plan. 6
- (b) Explain single sampling inspection plan. Obtain expression of OC and ASN functions. 12

GROUP – C

Answer any one question : 18 × 1

8. (a) Write an algorithm to calculate AM, GM and HM of ungrouped data. 9
- (b) Write an algorithm to find factorial of a positive integer. 9
9. (a) Write a C-program to generate a random sample of size 'n' from exponential distribution. 9
- (b) Write a C-program to calculate correlation coefficient from a ungrouped data. 9