2015

NUTRITION

[Honours]

PAPER - II (New)

Full Marks: 90

Time: 4 hours

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable

Illustrate the answers wherever necessary

[NEW SYLLABUS]

UNIT - 03

GROUP - A

Answer any five questions from the following: 2 x 5
 (a) Mention the types of malnutrition.

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(b)	What	IS A	CU	!

- (c) What is nutrigenomics?
- (d) What do you mean by SDA?
- (e) Mention the supplementations given in pregnancy.
- (f) What are galactogogues? Give an example.
- (g) Write the composition of colostrum.
- (h) What do you mean by geriatric nutrition?

GROUP - B

Answer any four questions from the following: 5×4

- 2. Describe the nutritional requirement of lactating mother.
- 3. State the importance of colostrum feeding to infants.
- 4. Discuss the major metabolic changes noted at geriatric stage.

5.	Write the basic dietary guidelines of a sprinter. 5					
6.	Mention the principles of weaning.					
7.	Write briefly about the nutritional management of low birth weight baby.					
8.	Write briefly about the nutritional requirement of adolecent girl.					
	GROUP — C					
Ans	wer any one question from the following: 15×10^{-5}					
9.	(a) Define PAR and PAL. $2+2$					
	 (b) Define besal metabolism and state any one method for the determination BMR. 					
	(c) Write the special diet used in space and given reason. 4+2					
10.	(a) What do you mean by mixed feeding and formula feeding? 2+2					
	(b) What is menarche? State the regulating factors of pubertal growth. 1+4					

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(Turn Over)

(c) What is 'growth faltering'? Write the dietary management for the correction of growth faltering. 2+4

UNIT - 04

GROUP - D

- 11. Answer any five questions from the following: 2×5
 - (a) What is Quetlet index? Write its formula.
 - (b) Write the symptoms of osteomalacia.
 - (c) What is family food security?
 - (d) Write the name of four vector borne diseases.
 - (e) What is PFA?
 - (f) What is surveillance systems?
 - (g) Write two symptoms of vit. A deficiency.
 - (h) What do you mean by demographic cycle?

GROUP - E

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Answer any four questions of the following: 5 x	: 4
12. Write the importance of MMR, IMR and CMR for the assessment of community nutrition.	5
13. Why biochemical tests are preferred for the assessment of nutritional status than anthropometric measurement?	5
14. State briefly the different nutritional issues during flood and war.	5
15. Discuss the major services delivered by PHC.	5
16. State the different factors responsible for the spreading of infectious disease.	4
17. Defining vital statistics, state the significance of studying vital statistics data.	
18. Mention the name of the common adulterants found in milk, turmaric, coffee, mustard oil and sugar.	

GROUP - F

Answer	any	one	auestion	of the	followin	g :	15 x 1	ĺ
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- 19. (a) Write the secondary sources of community health data. State the importance of community health data on community nutrition.

 3+3
 - (b) State the causes and clinical signs of Kwashiorkar. 4
 - (c) What do you mean by primary and secondary anthropometric indices for nutritional status assessment.
- 20. (a) What do you mean by food availability?

 Discuss the factors affecting food availability and its consumption.

 2 + 4
 - (b) What are the direct modes of transmission of infectious diseases?
 - (c) Discuss the significance of FPO, ISI, Agmark in the monitoring of food adulteration.

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