

**2017**

**M.Sc.**

**3rd Semester Examination**

**APPLIED MATHEMATICS WITH OCEANOLOGY AND  
COMPUTER PROGRAMMING**

**PAPER—MTM-303(OM)**

*Full Marks : 50*

*Time : 2 Hours*

*The figures in the right-hand margin indicate full marks.*

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.*

*Illustrate the answers wherever necessary.*

*(Dynamical Oceanography and Meteorology)*

Answer Q. No. 1 and any four questions from the rest.

1. Answer any four questions : 4×2

- (a) Show the directions of rotation of cyclonic around low-pressure and high-pressure regions in northern and southern hemispheres.

*(Turn Over)*

- (b) State the basic laws of physics which are taken as axiomatic in developing the study of the dynamics of the ocean.
  - (c) Show the contour plot of density as a function of temperature and salinity over ranges appropriate to most of the ocean.
  - (d) Show that the pressure tendency at the earth surface becomes zero when the air motion at all levels in the atmosphere is geostrophic.
  - (e) Derive the hydrostatic equation in the atmosphere.
  - (f) What is coriolis force ?
2. (a) Define concentration of a solution quantitatively in four possible ways.
- (b) Write the governing equations of motion in oceanography and indicate terms involved in the equations.
- (c) Combine the Coriolis terms acting on the horizontal plane into and single term and then calculate its

magnitude at different latitude  $\phi = 90^\circ, 45^\circ$  and  $30^\circ$   
for a current speed of  $1 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ . 4+2+2

3. (a) Derive the expression for geopotential distance between two levels  $z_1$  and  $z_2$ . 4+4
- (b) Write the transformation in vector form ideal axes fixed in space to axes fixed to earth, then using this transformation derive the equation of motion in axes fixed to earth. 4+4
4. Derive the Reynolds equation for the  $x$ -component of velocity. 8
5. (a) Derive the momentum equation of motion of an air parcel in the atmosphere in the Cartesian co-ordinate system. 7
- (b) State first law of thermodynamics. 1
6. (a) What is thermal wind in the atmosphere? Derive the equation of thermal wind. 7
7. (a) Find the rate of change circulation in the atmosphere and interpret each term. 7

- (b) Derive dry adiabatic lapse rate of temperature in the atmosphere.

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**[Internal Assessment—10 Marks]**

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