2017

M.Sc.

2nd Semester Examination

CHEMISTRY

PAPER-CEM-201

Full Marks: 40

Time: 2 Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Illustrate the answers wherever necessary.

(Physical Chemistry)

Answer four questions, taking one question from each group.

Group-A

Answer any one of the following.

 (a) Hamiltonian operator of a simple Harmonic Oscillator is given by

$$H = \left(a^{\dagger}a + \frac{1}{2}\right)\hbar\omega$$

(i)
$$a \mid n \rangle = ?$$

(ii)
$$a' \mid n \rangle = ?$$

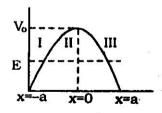
$$|n\rangle = \frac{(a^*)^n}{\sqrt{n!}} |0\rangle$$
.

(b) Give a schematic plot for radical probability density $(|R_{ne}(r)|^2)$ of the following hydrogenic orbitals

(i)
$$|R_{ne}(r)|^2$$
 vs. $\frac{r}{a_0}$ for $n=2$, $l=0$

(ii)
$$|R_{ne}(r)|^2$$
 vs. $\frac{r}{a_0}$ for $n=3$, $l=1$.

(a) Consider a particle of mass 'm' moving in 1-dim and its
potential is schematically shown below,



Transmission co-efficient of the particle to the region-III is given by

$$T = \exp\left[-2\left\{\frac{8\pi^2 m}{h^2}\left(V(\mathbf{x}) - \mathbf{E}\right)\right\}^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot d\right]$$

where 'd' is the thickness of the barrier. Use the appropriate form of the potential to show,

$$T = \exp\left[-\frac{\pi^2 d}{h} \left\{ 2m(V_0 - E) \right\}^{\frac{1}{2}} \right]$$

Comment on your result.

(b) Use operator method to obtain the zero point energy of a simple Harmonic Oscillator. 6+4

Group—B

Answer any one of the following.

3. (a) The kinetic reaction

$$X \xrightarrow{k_1} A + B$$

is completed within a time 1μ sec. Describe a suitable method to study such a kinetic reaction and hence give an idea to determine the forward and backward rate constant.

- (b) "A 'Lineweaver-Burk' plot is not suitable to determine the individual rate constant of a enzyme catalysis reaction". – Justify the statement. (6+2)+2
- 4. (a) Define 'turnover number' of a kinetic reaction.
 - (b) Define autocatalytic reaction with a suitable example.
 - (c) What are the main criteria of a redox reaction occurring through outer sphere mechanism?
 - (d) The gas phase reaction CO + Cl₂ \xrightarrow{k} COCl₂, is second order (first order in each reactant). If $P_{CO}^o = P_{Cl_2}^o = 0.1$ atm

and $\frac{t_1}{2}$ is 1 hour at 25°C but 30 min at 35°C, then

- (i) Calculate k at 25°C.
- (ii) Calculate E and A of Arrhenius equation and ΔS^* and ΔH^* of the transition state theory. 2+2+2+4

Group-C

Answer any one of the following.

5. (a) An electron in hydrogen atom is in superposition state described by the wave function,

$$\psi(r) = A \left[4\psi_{100}(r) - 2\psi_{211}(r) + \sqrt{6}\psi_{210}(r) - \sqrt{10}\psi_{211}(r) \right]$$

- (i) Find the normalization constant 'A'.
- (ii) What is the expectation value of energy, E of electron?
- (iii) What is the expectation value of \hat{L}^2 ?
- (b) The wave function of a simple Harmonic Oscillator is in the superposition state.

$$\psi(x, 0) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} [\psi_0(x) + \psi_1(x)]$$

Find $\psi(x,t)$?

2+3+3+2

- 6. (a) Write down the salient features of transition state theory.
 - (b) Define heterogeneous catalysis with a suitable example.
 - (c) Antibiotic resistant bacteria have an enzyme penicillinase that catalyzes the decomposition of the antibiotic. The molecular mass of penicillinase is 30,000 g/mole the turnover number of the enzyme at 28°C is 2000 sec⁻¹. If 6.4 μg of penicillinase catalyzes the destruction of 3.11 mg of amoxicillin, an antibiotic with a molecular mass of 364 g/mole in 20 secs at 28°C, how many active sites does the enzyme have?

4+3+3

Group-D

Answer any one of the following.

- 7. (a) Show different types of modes of vibration of AB₃ type molecule. Assign the IR and Raman active modes of vibrations.
 - (b) How can you differentiate fluorescence from Raman signals?
 - (c) Mention some disadvantages of Raman spectroscopy.
 - (d) Why is it easier to study the biological samples by Raman spectroscopy?
 - (e) What is the full form of SERS? What are the metals that usually respond in SERS?

2+2+2+2+2

- 8. (a) What would be the selection rule under harmonic approximation for a molecule to exhibit vibrational.

 Raman spectrum of homonuclear diatomic molecule?
 - (b) Raman shift of a given Raman spectral line does not change if the frequency (ν₀) of the incident radiation is changed - Criticize or justify the statement.

- (c) How many normal modes of vibration are possible for HBr, OCS (linear) and SO₂ and C₆H₆? Identify the modes which are IR active and Raman active separately.
- (d) Write down the equation describing the dependence of the intensity of Rayleigh scattering on the wavelength, intensity of the light source.
- (e) What is coherent anti Stokes Raman Spectroscopy? What are its advantages? 2+2+2+2+2