

2015

M.ED.

2nd Semester Examination

EDUCATION

PAPER—MED—203

Full Marks : 70

Time : 3 Hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

(Statistical Methods for Data Analysis)

Group—A

Answer any *five* questions from the following : 5×4

1. What is meant by Scales of measurement ?
2. Distinguish between Percentile Point and Percentile Rank.
3. What are the uses of the measures of dispersion ?
4. How do non-parametric tests differ from parametric tests ?
5. What is meant by Type-I and Type-II error ?

(Turn Over)

6. What are the advantages of ANOVA over t-test?
7. Discuss the uses of computer for data analysis.
8. Mention the merits of a Mixed Research.

Group—B

Answer any *five* questions from the following : 5×10

9. (a) Mention different measures of central tendency.
- (b) Calculate the Mean and Standard Deviation of the following distribution :

Scores	80-84	75-79	70-74	65-69	60-64
Frequencies	6	7	8	12	16
Scores	55-59	50-54	45-49	40-44	
Frequencies	11	6	5	4	

N = 75

2+4+4

10. (a) What are the characteristics of Normal Probability Curve?
- (b) Given a normal distribution of 500 scores with Mean = 40 and Standard Deviation = 8, what percentages of cases lie between 36 and 48?

[Given percentages of cases between Mean and 0.5σ is 19.15 ; between Mean and 1σ is 34.13 and between Mean -1σ and $+1\sigma$ is 68.26].

4+6

11. (a) Define Correlation.

(b) Calculate co-efficient of correlation from the following achievement scores of 10 students :

<i>Students</i>	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
<i>Marks in History</i>	15	17	21	23	13	17	19	23	25	30
<i>Marks in Geography</i>	26	25	24	20	22	23	30	25	21	19

(c) Interpret the result.

2+6+2

12. (a) Draw an ogive using the following data :

<i>Scores</i>	90-99	80-89	70-79	60-69	50-59	40-49	30-39
<i>Frequencies</i>	11	18	20	25	21	18	7

N = 120

(b) Compute the percentile rank of the score 55 from the distribution and also show it graphically. 6+4

13. Two groups of students in two different areas of Paschim Medinipur were asked about the number of books on their study table. The results are shown below :

<i>Group A</i>	16	9	4	23	19	10	5	2
<i>Group B</i>	20	5	1	16	2	4		

Test at 5% level whether there is a significant difference in the mean number of books in the study table of students between the two groups. Is it worth checking whether the mean difference is significant at 1% level? Justify your answer.

7+3

14. (a) What is ANOVA ?

(b) Students are taught Statistics by three different methods : (A) using audio tapes. (B) using TV tapes, (c) with a line instructor. A random sample of five students taught by each method shows the following scores on the final examination :

A	B	C
80	75	90
75	78	95
70	80	60
75	60	80
80	95	80

By using ANOVA, find out whether there is any difference in method of teaching.

2+8

15. (a) What would we need to conduct a median test ?

(b) The following are data for two groups of students. Apply a statistical test to find out whether the two samples come from populations with the same median :

Group-1	104	109	127	143	187	204	209	226	277
Group-2	62	82	89	90	101	106	109	109	205

2+8

16. Discuss briefly the method of data analysis in Qualitative Research.

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