

2008

ZOOLOGY

PAPER—Z 202

*Full Marks : 40*

*Time : 2 hours*

*The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks*

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable*

GROUP—A

*(Histophysiology & Histochemistry)*

1. Answer *two* questions from the following: 2 × 2

(a) Write briefly on the criteria of a good fixative.

(b) Distinguish between:

Haematoxylin

vs

Haematein.

(c) Why ferric hematin is superior to alluminium hematin ?

(d) Mention the characteristics of a Mordant.

2. Answer *two* questions from the following:  $4 \times 2$

(a) What are phosphatases ? Write briefly on the histochemical localization of any one of them.  $1 + 3$

(b) (i) Write briefly on the mechanism of action of formaldehyde containing fixatives.

(ii) Write in short about the substance you have studied which acts both as a fixative and as a stain.  $2 + 2$

(c) (i) Draw and label the functional parts of prostate gland.

(ii) Cytological organization of 'Fovea centralis'.  $2 + 2$

(d) (i) Give the name of two fluorescent markers used in immunohistochemistry.

(ii) Write on functional role of skin in mammals.  $2 + 2$

3. Answer *one* question from the following: 8 × 1

(a) Write notes on any *four* of the following: 2 × 4

(i) Dermatoglyphics

(ii) Cutaneous biosynthesis of Vit. D<sub>3</sub>

(iii) Histological structure of retina

(iv) Epidermal stem cell

(v) Rhodopsin kinase

(vi) Na-β glycerophosphate.

(b) (i) What is the chemical structure of Biotin?  
Describe the 'Avidin-biotin Complex'  
(ABC) method for immunohistochemical  
detection of an antigen.

(ii) State the composition of bile. 2 + 5 + 1

GROUP—B

(*Biosystematics*)

4. Answer *two* of the following: 2 × 2

(a) Define Microtaxonomy and Macrotaxonomy.

(b) What are  $\alpha$ -and  $\beta$ -taxonomy ?

(c) Holotype and Neotype.

(d) Objectives of taxonomy.

5. Write short notes on any *two* of the following:  $4 \times 2$

(i) Taxonomic characters

(ii) Sympatric species concept

(iii) Cladistics phylogeny

(iv) Limitations of biological species concept.

6. Answer any *one* from the following:  $8 \times 1$

(a) Discuss on the application of cytotaxonomy on the basis of following aspects :

(i) — The genetic complement.

(ii) — DNA hybridization.

(iii) — Karyological studies.

$$3 + 2\frac{1}{2} + 2\frac{1}{2}$$

(b) What is Sibling Species ? Cite examples of such species with attributes. Explain for the constancy of phenotype in such species. What is the importance of Sibling species in biology ?

1 + 3 + 2 + 2

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