

2010

M.A.

4th Semester Examination

PHILOSOPHY

PAPER—PHI-2202

Full Marks : 40

Time : 2 Hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

[Advaita Vedanta]

Answer two questions from Group—A
and one question from Group—B

Group—A

Answer two questions of the following :

1. Explain the *lakṣaṇa* of *Pramā* given by Dhamarāja in *Vedaānta Paribhāṣā* and state the significance of each term occurring in the *lakṣaṇa*. 16
2. (a) State and explain the *prayojaka* of *jñānagatapratyakṣa*. 12
(b) Explain, in this context the relevance of the term *yogyatva*. 4
3. (a) What is meant by *lakṣaṇa*?
(b) Distinguish between *svarūpa lakṣaṇa* and *tatastha lakṣaṇa* with examples.

(Turn Over)

- (c) Explicate *svarupa lakṣaṇa* and *taṭastha lakṣaṇa* of Brahman, according to Dharmarajādih var īndra
2+4+10
4. (a) Explain elaborately the process of *pañcīkaraṇa* for the creation of *bhūtapadārthas* after the Vedānta-Paribhāṣā.
(b) Explain, in this connection, how is *lingaśarīra* created?
13+3

Group—B

Answer one question of the following :

5. Write short notes on the following :
- (i) *Prākṛta pralaya* ;
(ii) *Naimittika pralaya*. 4+4
6. Answer any two from the following :
- (i) Why is *mokṣa* called *parama puruṣārtha* ?
(ii) What is *prakaraṇagrantha* ?
(iii) What is *tanmātra* ? 4+4
7. Answer in short any four of the following : 2×4
- (i) What is meant by 'paribhāṣā' in the term 'Vedānta-Paribhāṣā' ?
(ii) What is *Mahāvākya* ?
(iii) What is *vyavahārikatattvavedakatva* ?
(iv) Why is *svapnāvastha* ?
(v) What is *sākṣī* ?
(vi) What are the four gross bodies ?