

M.Sc. 2nd Semester Examination, 2011

MICROBIOLOGY

PAPER—VIII

Full Marks : 40

Time : 2 hours

Answer any two questions from each Group

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable

Illustrate the answers wherever necessary

GROUP—A

(Microbial Genetics)

[Marks : 20]

Answer any two questions

1. (a) State Mendelian principles of heredity. Illustrate the chromosomal basis of segregation and independent assortment.

(b) Explain the law of DNA constancy and C-value paradox.

(c) Distinguish between constitutive and facultative heterochromatin. (2 + 3) + 3 + 2

2. (a) What is microarray and how it is used to study gene expression? Name two reporter genes commonly used in gene expression assay.

(b) What is antisense RNA? Mention briefly the role of antisense RNA in modulating m-RNA expression. (4 + 2) + (2 + 2)

3. Write short notes on (any four) : $2 \frac{1}{2} \times 4$

(i) Specialised transduction

(ii) Positive regulation of *Lac* operon

(iii) Genetic map and Physical map

(iv) Base excision repair

(v) Retrosoasons

(vi) Regulation of *Trp* operon by attenuation.

GROUP—B

(*Molecular Biology*)

[Marks : 20]

Answer any *two* questions

4. (a) Describe the molecular components of RNA polymerase with their specific role in *E. Coli* transcription.
- (b) Discuss the importance of different transcription factors in RNA polymerase-II regulated transcription. 5 + 5
5. (a) Briefly describe the different types of DNA damage.
- (b) Define mismatch repair.
- (c) Write down the basic principle of site Directed Mutagenesis. 4 + 3 + 3
6. (a) What are importance of $G_2 - M$ and $G_1 - S$ check points in cell cycle regulation? How $G_1 - S$ check point is associated to cancer development?

(b) State the roles of p^{RB} in cancer development.

(c) Define Carcinogenic compound with suitable examples.

$$\left(2\frac{1}{2} + 2\frac{1}{2}\right) + 2\frac{1}{2} + 2\frac{1}{2}$$
