



VIDYASAGAR UNIVERSITY

M.Sc. Examinations 2020 Semester IV Subject: CHEMISTRY

Paper: CEM – 403

(Organic, Inorganic and Physical Special)
(Theory)

Full Marks:40 Time: 2hrs.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Paper: CEM 403 (Organic Special)

Answer any one of the following questions:

The questions are of equal value. Candidates are requested to give their answer in their own words (limit: 250 words) as far as practicable.

- 1. Explain "M" and "P" type chirality as per helicity rule with one example
- 2. Write briefly about "Allylic 1,3- strain" with an example.
- 3. (a) What is "Allylic 1,2-strain"? Write in brief with one example.
- 4. (a) Define "3-alkylketone effect" with an example. (b) Write briefly about "2-alkylketone effect" with an example.
- 5. (a) Write in brief about ORD. (b) What is "Cotton Effect"?
- 6. (a) Discuss in short, the usefulness of CD curves. (b) Write briefly about "Sector Rule".
- 7. Write a short note on "Octant Rule"?
- 8. Discuss the stereochemistry of perhydrophenanthrenes in brief and show the different steric interactions including its optical properties



- 9. Give an account of the stereochemistry of decalones and decalols.
- 10. Discuss the Curtin-Hammett principle briefly.
- 11. What do you mean by stereoselective aldol reactions?
- 12. Write short notes on the Felkin-Ahn model and Bürgi-Dunitz trajectory.

Paper: CEM 403 (Inorganic Special)

Answer any one of the following questions:

The questions are of equal value. Candidates are requested to give their answer in their own words (limit: 250 words) as far as practicable.

- 1. Write a short note on conjugate base mechanism (CB) with a suitable example.
- 2. Critically comment on acid catalyzed aquation of chromium complex of ethylenediamine is slower than that of the biguanide complex.
- 3. Discuss the effect of pH on polarograms.
- 4. Explain why in acidic medium the rate of ligand exchange reaction of Ni(II)-bipyridine complex is increased, however, for Ni(II)-l,10-phenanthroline complex no change in reaction rate is found.
- 5. Deduce the relationship between half wave potential and standard redox potential of a system.
- 6. Explain the TG curve for CaC₂O₄.H₂O
- 7. Write the significance of "half wave potential" and "standard redox potential" of a system.
- 8. Derive the rate law for associative mechanism.
- 9. Derive the rate law for dissociative mechanism.
- 10. Write a short note on inner sphere mechanism.
- 11. Write a short note on outer sphere mechanism.
- 12. Write a short note on two term rate law.



Paper: CEM 403 (Physical Special)

Answer any one of the following questions:

The questions are of equal value. Candidates are requested to give their answer in their own words (limit: 250 words) as far as practicable.

- **1.** Briefly describe the method of determination of rate constant of a diffusion-controlled reaction.
- **2.** Briefly describe the method to determine the viscosity co-efficient using absolute reaction rate theory.
- **3.** Using appropriate diagram discuss the role of Potential Energy Surfaces (PES) in reaction kinetics.
- **4.** Discuss briefly the statistical mechanical treatment of the rate constant of a gaseous bimolecular reaction.
- **5.** Briefly describe the sedimentation technique to determine the average molecular weight of a polymer.
- **6.** Briefly describe the light scattering technique for determination of average molar mass of a polymer.
- 7. Briefly describe the acid hydrolysis of protein and subsequent amino acid analysis.
- **8.** Briefly describe the fluid mosaic model of membrane bilayer.
- **9.** Briefly discuss how vapour pressure of a polymer solution can be obtained using Flory-Huggins equation.
- **10.** Briefly describe the method based on measurements of osmotic pressure of solutions of polymers for the determination of their molar masses.
- 11. Briefly discuss the electro-capillary thermodynamics for polarisable interface.
- 12. Discuss briefly how the surface tension of a liquid is affected by addition of electrolyte.