2017

GEOLOGY

[Honours]

PAPER - II

Full Marks: 90

Time: 4 hours

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable

Illustrate the answers wherever necessary

GROUP - A

(Principles of Petrology)

Part - I

Answer any four of the following questions: 5×4

1. (a) Explain how do you identify texture of igneous rock?

(Turn Over)

(b) Describe how does the different factors control the grain size of igneous rock.

2.	Difference between the following (any two): $2\frac{1}{2} + 2\frac{1}{2}$		
	(i) Diorite and Gabbro	2 2 2	
	(ii) Norm and Mode	20	
	(iii) Solid-solid net transfer reaction a exchange reaction.	nd ion-	
3.	Write the froms structure that is most chistic for the following rocks:	naracter- 5	
	(i) Granodiorite		
	(ii) Spillite		
	(iii) Granite		
*	(iv) Lamprophyre		
8	(v) Kimberlite.		
4.	Write brief notes on (any two):	$2\frac{1}{2} + 2\frac{1}{2}$	
	(i) Phonolite		
	(ii) Hornfels		
	(iii) Decussate texture.		
ПC	g///GEOL/H/II/17	(Continued)	

5.	(a) What is the difference between porphyroblast, poikiloblast and porphyroclast?	3
8	(b) What is an isograd and how are isograds used?	2
6.	Write the name of essential minerals of the following rocks:	5
ļ	(i) Syenite	
	(ii) Gabbro	
	(iii) Lamprophyre	334
T;	(iv) Peridotite	
20	(ν) Tonalite.	
7.	(a) What is Protolith?	2
	(b) State the protolith type of the following rocks:	3
	(i) Marble	
I	(ii) Amphibolite	
*	(iii) Slate.	
	W E	

¥.	(a)	What is metamorphic grade?	2
	(b)	Write three differences between prograde and retrograde metamorphism.	3
		Part — II	
	Ans	wer any two of the following questions: 10 ×	2
9.	(a)	Describe briefly the types of changes that occur in a rock during metamorphism.	3
	(b)	What is 'contact aureole'? What are the important factors that control the development of 'contact aureole'?	4
	(c)	Describe the two important textures/ structures developed during regional meta- morphism?	3
10.	(a)	What volatiles are commonly present in a magma?	2
	(b)	Describe the factors which control viscosity of silicate magma.	3

Sin.	(c)	Explain why average composition of occanic crust is basic?	$\frac{1}{2}$
	(d)	Explain how do you identify a lava flow in a lava stratigraphy? 2	1/2
11.	(a)	What is recrystallisation? What drives recrystallisation in metamorphic rock?	3
	(b)	Explain how do you identify chemical equilibrium in metamorphic rock?	4
ø	(c)	What is Geothermometry and Geobarometry? Give suitable example to illustrate your answer.	3
12.	(a)	What is the difference between the continuous and discontinuous reaction series?	2
	(b)	What are the differences between rhyolitic lava and basaltic lava?	2
	(c)	Write the Hatch and Well's classification of igneous rock.	(

GROUP - B

(Sedimentology)

Part - I

Answer any four of the following questions: 5×4

- 13. Discuss the common types of grain contacts found in clastic sedimentary rocks.
- 14. Difference between the following (any two): $2\frac{1}{2} + 2\frac{1}{2}$
 - (ii) Tillite and tilloid
 - (iii) Dolomite and high Mg calcite.
- 15. Write brief notes on (any two): $2\frac{1}{2} + 2\frac{1}{2}$
 - (i) Froude number
 - (ii) Textural inversion
 - (iii) Superior type banded iron formation.
- 16. Describe different modes of sediment transport. 5

17.	Define roundness and spherecity of a grain.	5
18.	What is maturity of sediments? Does mineralogical maturity mean textural maturity of sediment always?	5
19.	Why are quartz, feldspar and rock fragments considered for sandstone classification?	5
20.	How do you define arkose? What are its geological significance?	5
	Part — II	
ı	Answer any two of the following questions: 10 ×	2
21.	as proposed by Pettijohn.	5
	(b) What is the difference between Quartz arenite and Quartz wacke?	:
	(c) Discuss briefly the geological significance of occurrence of rounded quartz grains in sandstone?	2

22.	(a)	Write a short account on Folk's classification of Limestone.	5
	(b)	Describe the major changes undergone by limestone during diagenesis.	5
23.	(a)	Define primary sedimentary structures. What are the differences between depositional and erosional primary structures? Discuss with examples.	+ 6
	(b)	What do you mean by penecontemporaneous deformation structure?	2
24.	24. What are the different methods of grain size measurement in sedimentary rocks? Mention the merits and demerits of Udden-Wentworth and phi scale. Distinguish between skewness and kurtosis. 2+6		
		GROUP - C	
		(Geological Field Study)	
25	Fie	ld Report	10