

M.Sc 1st Semester Examination, 2009

ELECTRONICS

(Network Analysis & Synthesis)

PAPER—EL-1103

Full Marks : 50

Time : 2 hours

Answer **Q. No. 1** and any **three** questions
from the rest

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their
own words as far as practicable*

Illustrate the answers wherever necessary

1. Answer *all* questions : 2 × 5
- (a) State superposition theorem.
- (b) Distinguish between 'Band-pass' and
Band-stop filters.

- (c) Draw the circuit for the symmetrical lattice section.
- (d) What do you mean by a characteristics impedance of a network ?
- (e) What are the conditions for a polynomial to be called as Hurwitz ?

2. (a) Reduced incidence matrix of a network is given below :

		Branches \longrightarrow					
		1	2	3	4	5	6
Nodes \uparrow	a	1	0	0	-1	0	0
	b	0	1	0	1	-1	0
	c	0	0	1	0	1	-1
	d						

- (i) Obtain the complete incidence matrix.
- (ii) Without drawing the connected graph, find the branches in series and in parallel.

- (b) Using Thevenin's theorem, determine the current through the 5Ω resistance of the circuit as shown in Fig 1.

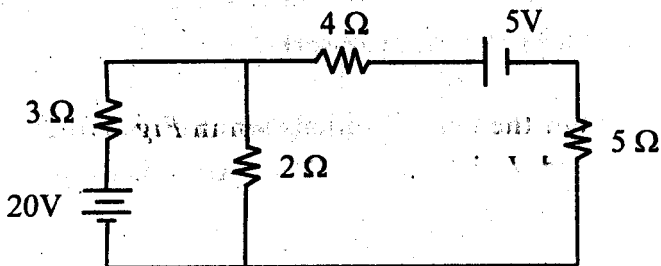


Fig. 1

$$\left(2 + \left(1\frac{1}{2} + 1\frac{1}{2} \right) \right) + 5$$

3. (a) The following readings were obtained experimentally for an unknown two-port network. Compute the Z-parameters.

	V_1	V_2	I_1	I_2
Output open	100V	60V	10A	0
Input open	30V	40V	0	3A

(b) The system function of a network is given as

$$H(s) = \frac{s(s+2)}{(s+1)(s^2+4s+5)}$$

Draw Pole-zero diagram.

5 + 5

4. (a) For the network as shown in Fig.2 find I , I_R and I_L in phasor form. Also draw phasor diagram.

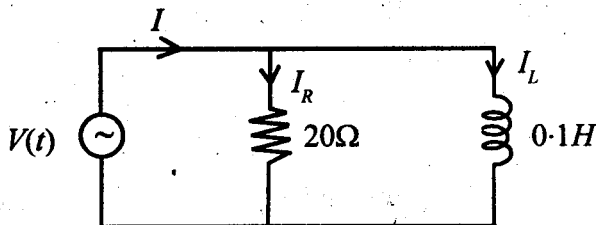


Fig. 2

Given : $V(t) = 220 \sqrt{2} \sin 314t$

- (b) Draw the Pole-Zero diagram of the system function given by

$$Z(s) = \frac{S(S+5)}{(S+2)(S^2+4S+13)}$$

(1 + 1 + 1 + 2) + 5

5. (a) A system has system function

$$\text{given by } H(s) = \frac{10(S+2)}{(S+1)(S+3)} = \frac{Y(s)}{X(s)}$$

Given : $x(t) = 2 \cos t$

Determine $y(t)$ using Laplace transform.

(b) A band-pass filter consists of two R - C networks connected in cascade. The low-pass filter consists of resistance $R_1 = 10\text{k}\Omega$, and capacitor $C_1 = 1\text{pF}$, and high-pass filter consists of $R_2 = 1\text{M}\Omega$ and $C_2 = 0.01 \mu\text{F}$. Find the lower and upper cut-off frequencies and band-pass gain. 5 + 5

6. (a) The driving point impedance of an LC network is given by

$$Z(s) = \frac{10(S^2 + 4)(S^2 + 16)}{S(S^2 + 9)}$$

obtain Foster form of network.

(6)

(b) What is Bode plot ?

(c) The system function of a network is given by

$$H(s) = \frac{(S+2)(S+4)}{S+1}$$

Test whether it is a positive real function or not.

$5 + 2 + 3$

[*Internal Assessment* : 10 Marks]