#### NEW

## Part-III 3-Tier

2019

**PHYSICS** 

PAPER-VIII

(Honours)

(PRACTICAL)

Full Marks: 100

Time: 6 Hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Answer any one question from Group—A and one question from Group—B.

#### Group-A

(Marks: 50)

1. Find the number of rulings per cm. of the given plane transmission grating using light of known wavelength.

Hence measure the resolving power of grating and

| wavelength separation ( $\Delta\lambda$ ) of $D_1$ and $D_2$ lines of Sodium |   |       |  |
|--|---|-------|--|
| usi  | ing a slit of adjustable width.                   |       |  |
| (a)  | Working formula.                                  | 5     |  |
| (b)  | Schuster's method of focussing (to be written     | and   |  |
|  | implemented).                                     | 2+3   |  |
| (c)  | Setting of grating surface for normal incidence.  | . 3   |  |
| (d)  | Reading for determination of number of lines per  | cm    |  |
|  | of the grating (for 2 orders).                    | 10    |  |
| (e)  | Measurement of the width of the adjustable sli    | t for |  |
|  | just resolution of two lines (for any one order). | 8     |  |
| <b>(f)</b>   | Calculation of the resolving power of grating.    | 3     |  |
| (g)  | Calculation of $\Delta \lambda$ .                 | 3     |  |
| (h)  | Proportional error.                               | 3     |  |
| Det  | termine the wavelength of the given monochron     | atic  |  |
| ligh   | nt by Fresnel's Biprism method.                   |       |  |
| (a)  | Working formula.                                  | 4     |  |
| (b)  | Measurement of fringe width (for two distant      | nces  |  |
|  | between the slit and the eye-piece differing by   | not   |  |
|  | less than 20 cms.).                               | 16    |  |
| (c)  |   |       |  |
|  | virtual sources (for two different positions      |       |  |
|  | eye-piece).                                       | 10    |  |
| (d)  | Calculation.                                      | 4     |  |
| (e)  | <b>.</b>  | 4     |  |
| <b>(f)</b>   | Discussion.                                       | . 2   |  |

| 3. | Draw the (BH) loop of the given specimen in the for    | m of    |
|----|--|---------|
|    | an anchor ring and find the energy loss per cycle.     |         |
|    | (a) Working formula.                                   | 4       |
|    | (b) Table for physical constants.                      | .2      |
|    | (c) Circuit diagram and implementation of the circuit. | 3+3     |
|    | (d) Data for (I' - d') graph.                          | 5       |
|    | (e) Drawing of (I' - d') graph.                        | 3       |
|    | (f) Data for (B-H) graph.                              | 12      |
|    | (g) Drawing of (B-H) graph.                            | 5       |
|    | (h) Calculation.                                       | 3       |
| 4. | Determine the self-inductance of two different co      | ils by  |
| 2  | Anderson's bridge. (Take at least three sets of rea    | dings   |
|    | with each coil).                                       |         |
|    | (a) Working formula.                                   | 5       |
|    | (b) Circuit diagram and implementation of the circuit  | rcuit.  |
|    | N N  | 2+3     |
|    | (c) Data for the measurement of resistance of the      | coils.  |
|    |  | 8       |
|    | (d) Data for the measurement of self-inductance        | of the  |
|    | coils (ac balance).                                    | 12      |
| 8  | (e) Plot of $\frac{1}{C}$ vs. r graphs for two coils.  | 4       |
|    | (f) Calculation of self inductance of the coils (d     | irectly |
|    | from r values and also from graphs).                   | 4       |
|    | (g) Discussion on the results.                         | 2       |

C/19/BSc/Part-3/PHSH/8 (Prac)

(Turn Over)

| 5  | . D   | etermine the Fourier's spectrum of square and t   | riangula  |
|----|---|---|-----------|
|    |   | aveforms using parallel resonant circuit and  |           |
|    |   | Theory for square and triangular waveform   |           |
|    |   | ) Circuit diagram and implementation of the   |           |
|    |   |   | 2+3       |
|    | (c)   | Data for frequency response of parallel   | resonan   |
|    |   | circuit using sine wave. (Measure amplitudes  |           |
|    |   | and output voltages and phase differences   | between   |
|    |   | them).  | 6+4       |
|    | (d)   | Drawing of frequency response graph   | showing   |
|    | 3. 3  | amplitude resonance.  | 3         |
|    | (e)   | meddency.   | 2         |
|    | <b>(f)</b>  | Data for Fourier spectrum of square and tr  | iangular  |
|    | t_A   | waveforms.  | 4+4       |
|    | (g)   | o b i and rounter spectrum  |           |
|    | (h)   | of square and triangular waveforms.   | 2+2       |
|    | (h)   | , and the same of | 2         |
| 5. | Determine the value of Stefan's constant (o). (Diameter |   |           |
|    |   | ss and the specific heat of the disc are to be st   | upplied.) |
|    |   | Working formula.  | 3         |
|    | (b)   | Circuit diagram and implementation of the   | circuit.  |
|    |   | 9 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   | 3+3       |
|    | (c)   | Data for $(\theta - x)$ graph.  | 6         |
|    | (d)   | Drawing of $(\theta - x)$ graph.  | 3         |

| (e) Calculation of $\frac{d\theta}{dx}$ from graph.   | 3                    |
|---|----------------------|
| (f) Data for (t-x) graph.   | 8                    |
| (g) Drawing of (t-x) graph.   | 3                    |
| (h) Calculation of $\frac{dx}{dt}$ from graph.  | 3                    |
| (i) Table for computing $\sigma$ .  | 2                    |
| (j) Calculation.  | 3                    |
| Determine the number of lines per cm. of the transmission grating using light of known wavelers then find out the wavelength of the unknown lines (to be specified by the apprinch of H | ngth and<br>spectral |
| lines (to be specified by the examiner) of Hy Also find the value of Rydberg constant.  | yarogen.             |
| (a) Working formula.  | 5                    |
| (b) Schuster's method of focussing.   |                      |
| (to be written and implemented)   | 2+3                  |
| (c) Setting of grating surface for normal incide  | nce. 4               |
| (d) Data for measuring the rulings per cm.  | for two              |
| orders).  | 10                   |
| (e) Data for finding the wavelengths of three u   | nknown               |
| lines (for first order only).   | 10                   |
| (f) Calculation of Rydberg constant.  | 4                    |
| (g) Proportional error.   | 2                    |
| MAC MCC MCC MCC MCC MCC MCC MCC MCC MCC   |                      |

7.

| ^  | Measure the susceptibility of a liquid sample  | (ReCl_)  |
|----|--|----------|
| 8. |  | (1-0013) |
|    | solution by Quincke's method.  | 14       |
|    | (a) Working formula.   | 4        |
|    | (b) Data for calibration of electromagnet (Maximus   | m limit  |
|    | of current to be supplied).  | 5        |
|    | (c) Graph for calibration of electromagnet.  | 3        |
|    | (d) Data for preparation of solution (for a par  | ticular  |
|    | concentration).  | 4        |
|    | (e) Data for (h-B2) graph (at least 5 readings).   | 10       |
|    | (f) Drawing of (h-B <sup>2</sup> ) graph.  | 5        |
|    | (g) Calculation.   | 4        |
|    | (h) Proportional error.  | 3        |
|    | (i) Discussion.  | 2        |
| 9. | Use a p-n junction diode for the measurement of (  | i) band  |
|    | gap energy of semiconductor and (ii) un  | known    |
|    | temperature.   |          |
|    | (a) Working formula.   | 4        |
|    | (b) Circuit diagram and implementation of the  | circuit. |
|    |  | 3+3      |
|    | (c) Data for forward bias characteristics of diode a   | at room  |
|    | temperature.   | 7        |
|    | (d) Drawing of log I vs. V graph.  | 3        |
|    | The second secon | 2        |
|    | (e) Calculation of $\eta$ .  | 4        |

| <b>(f)</b> | Data for reverse saturation current (Is) at   |           |
|------------|---|-----------|
|            | temperatures (T).   | 10        |
| (g)        | Drawing of log $(I_s)$ vs. $\frac{1}{T}$ graph.   | 3         |
| (h)        | Calculation of band gap energy.   | 3         |
| 8 8        | Discussion.   | . 2       |
| 10 00 0    | termine Planck's constant by using a Scooter  | bulb and  |
|            | riven monochromatic filter.   | 6         |
| (a)        | Working formula.  | 5         |
| 35 12      | Circuit diagram and implementation of the   | circuit.  |
| N-7        | Computer section and the section of | 3+3       |
| (c)        | Measurement of bulb resistance at room tem  | perature  |
| 10<br>01   | by multimeter.  | 2         |
| (d)        | Data for log Pb (bulb-power) vs. log R (bulb-re   | sistance) |
|            | graph.  | 6         |
| (e)        | Drawing of (log P <sub>b</sub> - log R) graph.  | 3         |
| <b>(1)</b> | Calculation of $\gamma$ in temperature-resistance   | relation. |
|            |   | 3         |
| (g)        | Calculation of bulb-temperature (Tb) from   | different |
|            | values of R.  | 3         |
| (h)        | Data for $I_{LDR}$ (LDR current) vs. $\frac{1}{T_b}$ graph.   | 6         |
| (i)        | Drawing of $(\ln(I_{LDR}) - \frac{1}{T_b})$ graph.  | 3         |
| /iY        | Calculation of Planck's constant.   | 3         |

10.

| •   |
|---|
| 11. Calibrate a Hall Probe (4-terminal) / Hall IC (3-pin) with the help of a ballistic galvanometer for using it to study the variation of magnetic field of an electromagnet with the magnetising current. |
| (a) Working formula. 5  |
| (b) Circuit diagram and implementation of the circuit.  |
| 2   |
| 2+2   |
| (c) Table for physical constants.   |
| (d) Data for $(I' - d')$ graph. 5   |
| (e) Drawing of (I'-d') graph.   |
| (f) Calculation of m. 2   |
| (g) Data for variation of magnetic induction (B) with different magnetising current (I) using ballistic   |
| galvanometer. 5   |
| (h) Data for calibration of the Hall probe / Hall IC (for   |
| magnetising currents some   |
|   |
| (i) Drawing of B vs. Hall Voltage graph (calibration curve).  |
| 3   |
| (j) Determination of proportionality constant (k') for  |

# Group-B

(Marks: 20)

 Write an algorithm for any one of the following problems and transfer it to the FORTRAN / C program and show the result.

Hall probe / Hall IC.

- (a) Sort the following 10 data in ascending order. 732, -151, 663, 822, -33, 0, -52, 231, 521, -73
- (b) Find the mean and median of the following values: (A set of nine numbers will be supplied by the examiner).
- (c) Write a program and run to check a number is prime or not (Prime and unprime numbers will be specified by the examiner).
- (d) Find the sum of the following series: 5+5
  - (i)  $1^2 + 3^2 + 5^2 + \dots + 49^2$

(ii) 
$$1 + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{5^2} + \frac{1}{7^2} + \dots + \frac{1}{99^2}$$

(e) Find the sum of the following series:

$$S = 1 - \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^4}{4!} - \frac{x^6}{6!} \dots \frac{(-1)^n x^{2n}}{(2n)!}$$

Write correlation upto 4 decimal place (x and n to be supplied by the examiner).

- (f) Write a program for addition and multiplication of two matries [A] and [B] of order 3×3 ([A] and [B] to be supplied by the examiner).
- (g) Find a root of the x = Sin(x) equation using Newton-Raphson method. The root should be current upto 6 decimal place.

- (h) Compute the transpose of the matrix of order (4×3) and find the sum of elements of the transpose matrix.
- (i) Find a root of the equation  $x^3 4x 9 = 0$  using disection method starting with [2, 3] as initial interval. The root should be correct upto 6 decimal place.
- (j) Find out the value of the integral with the help of Simpson rule:

$$\int_{-1}^{2} (x^3 - 3x^2 - x + 3) dx$$

#### Remarks:

# 1. Marks distribution:

#### Group-A:

Laboratory Note Book : 5

Viva-Voce : 5

Experiment : 40

### Group-B:

Laboratory Note Book : 4

Programming : 16

Total : 70

- 2. Experiment in Group-A and Computer programming in Group-B will be allotted on the basis of lottery by drawing cards. Second chance may be given to a student without any deduction in marks. But 2 marks for Group-A experiment and 1 mark for programming in Group-B will be deducted for each subsequent chance. Each examinee should write the theory and circuit diagram in front of examiners.
- 3. Examiners are requested to put their signatures strictly with comments for in case of circuit implementation, setting up the experiment and inconvenience caused by instrumental defects (if arises). In case of failure of the student to implement the circuit, the correct theoretical circuit may be given to him with proper deduction of marks. Finally the student has to implement the circuit by himself alone. At least one data taken in different parts of the experiment should be signed by the examiner.
- 4. In computer programming separate machines should be provided for each examinee. In case of shortage of machines examinees may be allowed for programming in different time slot.
- 5. Each examinee should write the algorithm and program in front of examiners and then go to the computer.

  The execution of the program should be verified by the examiners with proper comments.

## VIII(b)

## Project

(Marks: 30)

This work should be an experimental one with special reference to the techniques into practical classes. This may be application oriented or some simple law / experimental verification.

1. The project will be evaluated at the practical centres by the coordinators (Paper VII and VIII) in consultation with examiners and internally by Physics departments of Colleges. The coordinator (Paper VIII) will average the mark and submit it to the University.

# 2. Distribution of marks:

|     | Total          | • | 30 |
|-----|----------------|---|----|
| (c) | Viva           | : | 10 |
| (b) | Presentation   | : | 10 |
| (a) | Nature of work | : | 10 |