

M.Sc. 1st Semester Examination, 2012

**CHEMISTRY**

( Organic )

PAPER—CEM-102

Full Marks : 40

Time : 2 hours

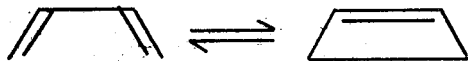
Answer any **five** questions taking at least **two** from each Group where **Q. No. 6** is compulsory

*The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks*

**Write the answers to questions of each Group in separate books**

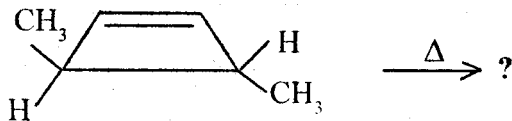
**GROUP – A**

1. (a) Draw the correlation diagram for the following interconversion under thermal condition; 4

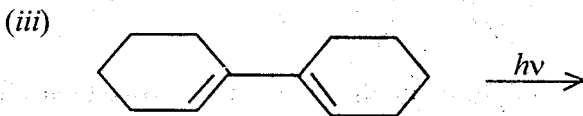
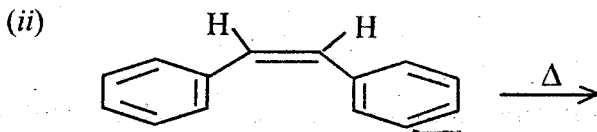
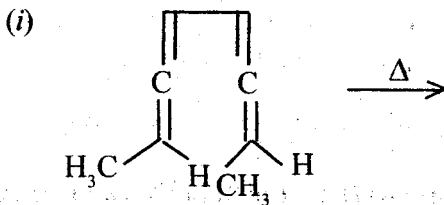


and indicate the symmetry allowed path for the reaction.

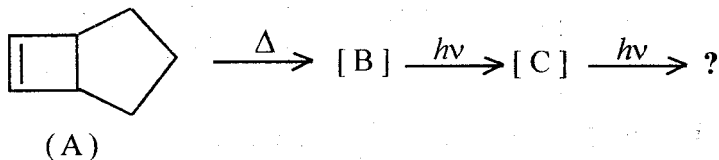
- (b) Explain the path way of the following ring opening reaction and indicate the observed product; 4



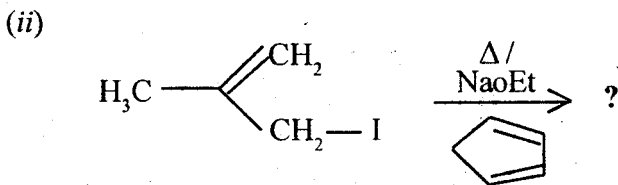
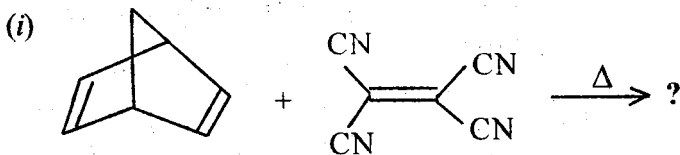
2. (a) Predict the product of the following reactions indicating Frontier-Orbital interactions (F.O.I) (Attempt any two): 2 × 2

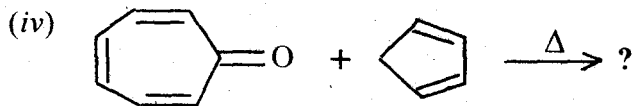
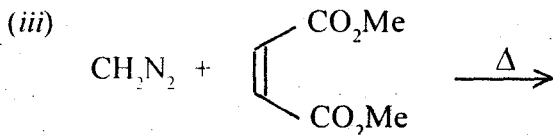


- (b) Predict the product/s of the following reaction sequence indicating F.O.I. State and explain whether Woodward-Hofmann rule and principle of microscopic reversibility is maintained : 4



3. Write the selection rules for cycloaddition reactions and hence predict the products of the following reactions indicating F.O.I. (attempt any *three*): 2 + 3 × 2

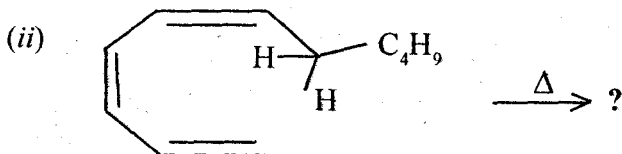
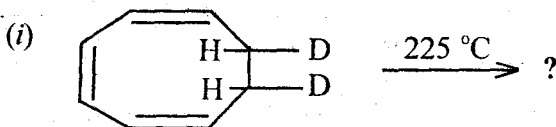


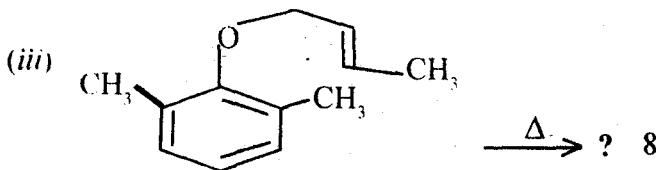


4. (a) What is  $[i, j]$  sigmatropic shift. Explain with example.

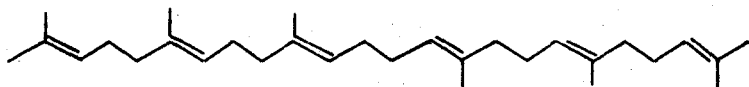
(b) "1,3 - H migration is difficult to occur but 1,3 - C migration occurs with inversion of configuration under thermal condition" – Explain.

(c) Predict the product/s of the following with F.O.I. (any two) :





5. Write the structure of [A] and predict the products :



Squalens Epoxidase

[A]



(iii)  
H<sup>+</sup>

Tricyclic products

Bicyclic products

Monocyclic products

1 + 2 + 2 + 3

### GROUP – B

6. (a) Write the structures of the following (attempt any four) :

4

(i) 2R, 4R-2, 3, 4-Tribromopentane (in Fischer projection)

- (ii) Meso-trans-2, 5-dichlorohex-3E-ene ( in flying wedge formula)
- (iii) (S)-Cyclooctene
- (iv) (R)-4-Phenylcyclohexylidene acetic acid
- (v)  $\text{PhCOCHBrCHPhCO}_2\text{H}$  (one *parf* isomer in Newman projection formula)

(b) Answer *true* or *false*. Cite an example or explain in support of your answer (attempt any *four*): 4

- (i) A stereogenic center may be a non-material point.
- (ii) All optically inactive stereoisomers are meso-isomers.
- (iii) Any homofacial change preserves the configuration of a stereocenter and the stereodescriptor (*R/S*) of the latter remains unchanged.
- (iv) An  $S_4$  axis is always a  $C_2$  axis though the reverse is not true.

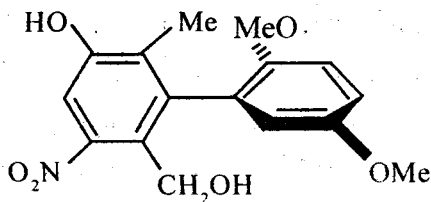
(v) Each and every point within an achiral molecule, material or non-material, is achirotopic.

(vi) An achiral molecule must not have any chiral conformation.

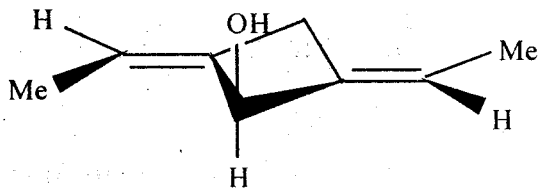
Or

(a) Answer any *two* of the following : 2 × 2

(i) Designate the absolute configuration of the following molecules as directed :



(in *aR/aS*)



(stereocenter in *R<sub>n</sub>/S<sub>n</sub>*)

(ii) Dipole moment of 1, 2-dichloroethane increases with rise in temperature but that of ethane-1, 2-diol decreases in such a change. Explain the observations.

(iii) IR spectrum of a synthetic sample of 2-chlorobutane shows three signals for C—Cl bond, but polarimeter records two different rotations (of course after resolution) for the compound. Explain the facts.

(b) How many isomers for each of the following structures are possible? Draw all of these and comment on the asymmetry, Chirotopicity and stereogenicity of the 'central' carbon. Give configurational notation to this center in *R/S* or *r/s* as appropriate.

(i)  $\text{CH}^{\text{R}}\text{A}^{\text{S}}\text{Cl}$

(ii)  $\text{CH}^{\text{R}}\text{A}^{\text{S}}\text{B}$

[ $\text{A}^{\text{R}}$  and  $\text{A}^{\text{S}}$  are two enantiomorphous groups;  $\text{B} = \text{—CHClMe}$  and is different from A].

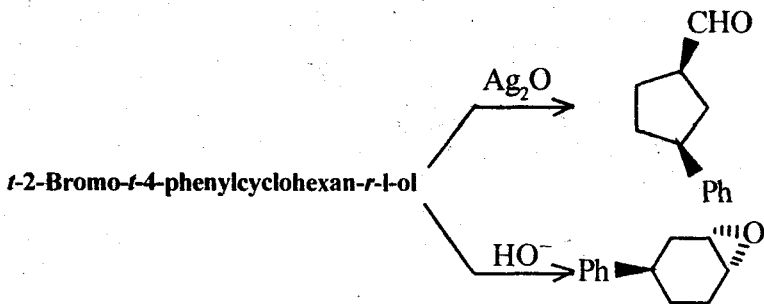


7. (a) Answer any *two* of the following : 2 × 2

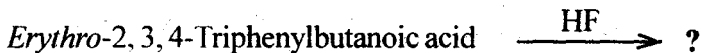
- (i) Explain the terms with an example; (I) pseudorotation, and (II) topomerisation.
- (ii) What is 'buttressing effect' ? Illustrate with an example.
- (iii) Write stereostructure of a molecule each belonging to point symmetry (a)  $C_s$  and (b)  $C_3$ .

(b) Attempt any *two* of the following : 2 × 2

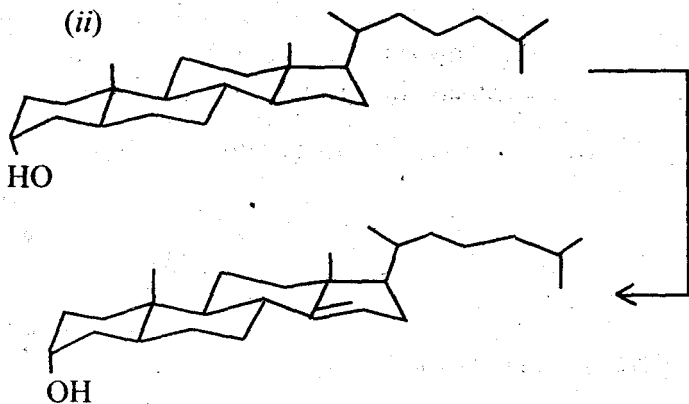
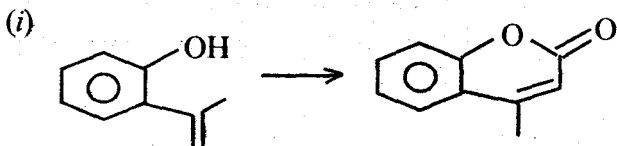
- (i) An enantiopure sample of *cis* and *trans*-isomers of 2-acetoxycyclohexyl tosylates are subjected to acetolysis separately. Compare the results.
- (ii) Explain the reactions with mechanism :



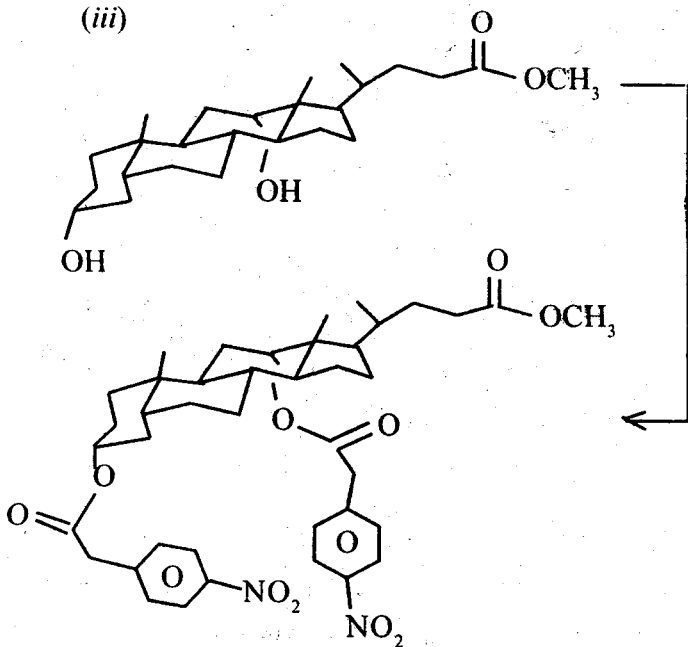
(iii) Give the product and explain the result :



8. (a) Carry out the following transformations (any two) with plausible mechanism : 2 × 2



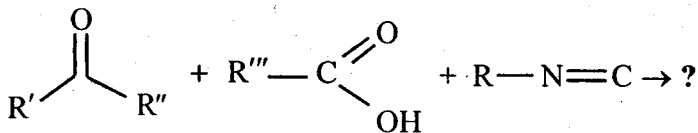
(iii)

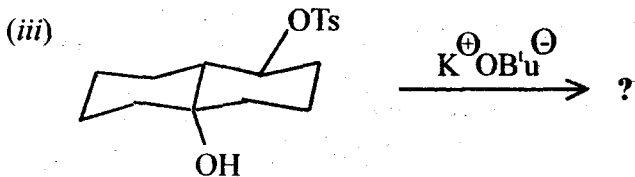
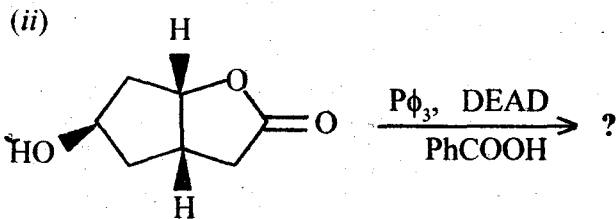


(b) Predict the products with plausible mechanism  
(any two) :

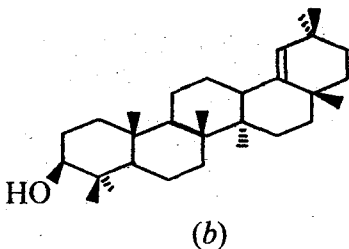
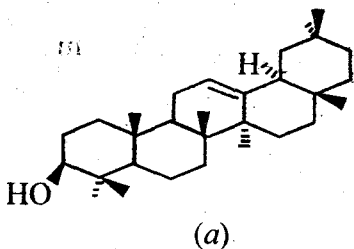
2 × 2

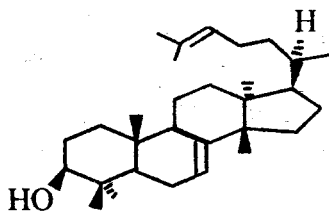
(i)



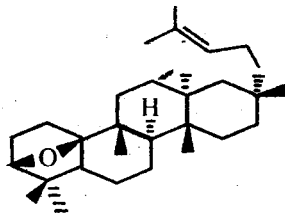


9. Synthesize  $\beta$  amyrin (a), germanicol (b), butyrospermeol (c), baccharis oxide (d), lupeol (e) (any four) with plausible mechanism :  $2 \times 4$

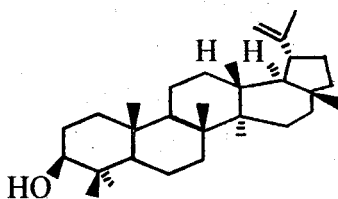




(c)

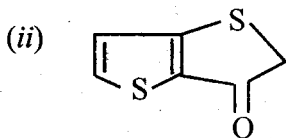
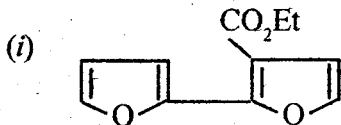


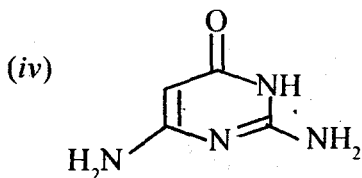
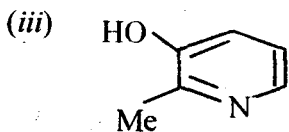
(d)



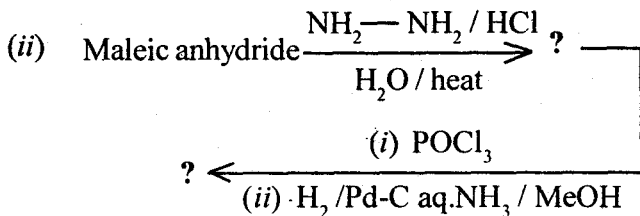
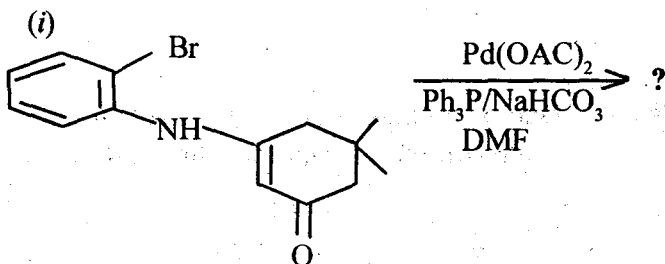
(e)

10. (a) Outline the synthesis of any *two* of the following compounds from readily available materials : 2 × 2





(b) Predict the product(s) of the following (any one): 2



(c) Explain the following observations :

2

