

**M.Sc. 3rd Semester Examination, 2012**

**BOTANY**

PAPER — BOT- 301(Unit - I & II)

*Full Marks : 40*

*Time : 2 hours*

*The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks*

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable*

*Illustrate the answers wherever necessary*

**UNIT — I**

[ *Marks : 20* ]

**Answer Q.Nos.1 & 2 and any one from the rest**

**1. Answer any five questions :** 1 × 5

(a) Cite two examples of day neutral plants.

(b) What is 'Leghaemoglobin'?

- (c) Write down the full form of DCMU.
- (d) Name two germination inhibitors of seeds.
- (e) What is 'Kranz anatomy' ?
- (f) What is your concept on energy currency in plant system ?
- (g) Name the first stable compounds of the dark reaction of  $C_3$  and  $C_4$  photosynthesis respectively.
- (h) Distinguish between innate and induced dormancy of seeds.

2. Write short notes on any two :

$$2\frac{1}{2} \times 2$$

- (i) Oxidative phosphorylation
- (ii) Critical day length
- (iii) Nitrification and denitrification
- (iv) Hill reaction.

3. (a) What is z-scheme ? Briefly describe the pathway of noncyclic photophosphorylation.

- (b) Enumerate the major differences between cyclic and noncyclic phosphorylation.
- (c) Compare  $C_3$  and  $C_4$  plants in terms of crop productivity. (1 + 4) + 2 + 3
4. (a) Give an account on practical applications of auxin in agri-horticulture.
- (b) Mention the advantages and disadvantages of seed dormancy.
- (c) Mention any two artificial methods of breaking seed dormancy. 4 + 4 + 2

UNIT – II

[ Marks : 20 ]

Answer Q.Nos.5 & 6 and any one from the rest

5. Answer any *five* of the following : 1 × 5
- (a) What are Isozymes ?
- (b) Name two aromatic amino acids.

- (c) What is a coenzyme ?
- (d) Define turn over number of an enzyme.
- (e) What are phytochelations ?
- (f) Structurally represent the formation of a peptide bond between two participating amino acids.
- (g) What are polysaccharides ? Give an example.
- (h) Give an example of noncompetitive inhibition.

6. Write short notes on any *two* :

$$2\frac{1}{2} \times 2$$

- (i) Constitutive and inducible enzymes
- (ii) Conjugated protein
- (iii) Effect of substrate concentration on enzyme activity
- (iv) Koshland's induced fit theory.

7. (a) What is meant by enzyme kinetics ? Deduce Michaelis-Menten equation of enzyme kinetics involving a single substrate. What is the significance of  $K_m$  ?

(b) Give an account on feedback inhibition.

(1 + 5 + 1) + 3

8. (a) Mention the types of amino acids on the basis of R-group.

(b) What do you understand by three dimensional conformation of proteins ?

(c) Differentiate between tertiary and quaternary structure of proteins.

(d) Name two non-protein amino acids. 4 + 2 + 2 + 2

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