2018

PHYSIOLOGY

[Honours]

PAPER -IV

Full Marks: 90

Time: 4 hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable

Illustrate the answers wherever necessary

[NEW SYLLABUS]

GROUP - A

Answer any two questions, taking one from each Subgroup:

 15×2

Subgroup - A(a)

1. (a) Mention the detailed flow chart of gluconcogenesis from pyruvate that occurs within mitochondria.

- (b) Discuss the pathway of oxidation of palmitic acid along with its energetics. 6 + (6 + 3)
- 2. (a) Describe the functions of ascorbate with special emphasis on its antioxidants property.
 - (b) Draw a flowchart of ammonia detoxification process.
 - (c) Why sodium is essential for our homeostasis? 5+6+4
- 3. (a) Prepare a balanced diet chart for Indian college student.
 - (b) Mention the causes, symptoms and nutritional management of Kwashiorkor.
 - (c) Why dietary fibres are nutritionally essential for human? 6 + (2 + 2 + 2) + 3

Subgroup -A(b)

4. (a) Discuss the bacterial transformation process as observed in Griffith's experiment.

- (b) Describe three types of sterilization process with their importance. $6 + (3 \times 3)$
- 5. (a) Discuss the structure of MHC I and its importance in immunity.
 - (b) How does active immunity differ from passive immunity?
 - (c) Which organ is essential for cellular immunity and why? (5+2)+4+4
- (a) Discuss physiological hazards of pesticides.
 - (b) 'Biotransformation is related to bioremediation of pesticides'. Explain.

GROUP - D

Answer any five questions, taking two from each Subgroup:

8 × 5

Subgroup - B(a)

7. (a) "Panoreativ secretion is necessary for intestinal enzyme action" - Justify.

- (b) Why LDL-Cholesterol is dangerous for human health? 4+4
- 8. (a) What is labile methyl group? Mention its physiological importance.
 - (b) Draw the schematic organization of cytochrome pathway and two site-specific inhibitors of this pathway. (2+2)+(3+1)
- 9. (a) Mention oxidative reactions of HMP shunt pathway
 - (b) How nitric oxide is synthesized in human body? Mention its importance in maintaining good health. 3 + (2 + 3)
- 10. (a) Why splenomegaly occurs in malaria?
 - (b) Why mid day mea! programme is beneficial for child health? 3+5
- 11. (a) How anthropometry is useful in nutritional assessment of human?
 - (b) Why does gastectomy cause pernicious anaemia? 5+3

Subgroup -B(b)

12.	. Discuss different phases of bacterial growth with		
	characteristic features of each phase.	8	8

13. What do you mean by food spoilage? Mention the causes and prevention of food spoilage.

2 + (3 + 3)

- 14. Discuss briefly the molecular structure of an IgG molecule with a diagram. 5+3
- 15. Discuss the effects of positive G-force on human body. What do you mean by G-LOC? 6+2
- 16. Discuss the process of Ag-Ab reaction and mention their features. 5+3

GROUP - C

Answer any five questions, taking two from each Subgroup:

 4×5

Subgroup - C(a)

17. What is Cori cycle? Mention its importance. 2+2

18.	What is oxidative stress? Which nutrients of prevent it?	an 2 + 2		
19.	What happens in absense of following in hum body?	an 2 + 2		
	(a) Phenylalanine hydroxylase			
	(b) Tyrosinase.			
20.	What is thermic Effects of food and PAR?	2 + 2		
21.	What happens $-(a)$ if OAA level falls (b) absence of carnitine carrier in mitochondria.			
Subgroup $-C(b)$				
22.	Define pasteurization and its importance.	2 + 2		
23.	What is Prebiotics and Probiotics?	2 + 2		
24.	Mention the classes of Th-cells and their function	ns. 2 + 2		
25.	What do you mean by Xenobiotics? Which enzyr			
	and co-enzyme is used for their metabolism?	2 + 2		
26.	What do you understand by allergen and toxoid	s? 2+2		